Chapter 1

Rethinking research impact by Theology and Religious Studies with references to the Faculty of Theology at the University of Pretoria

Johan Buitendag®

Faculty of Theology Department of Dogmatics and Christian Ethics University of Pretoria South Africa

Corneliu C. Simut®

Faculty of Theology Department of Dogmatics and Christian Ethics University of Pretoria South Africa

How to cite: Buitendag, J. & Simut, C.C., 2017, 'Rethinking research impact by Theology and Religious Studies with references to the Faculty of Theology at the University of Pretoria', in 'Theology at the University of Pretoria - 100 years: (1917-2017) Past, present and future', *Verbum* et *Ecclesia*, suppl. 2, 38(4), a1743. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v38i4.1743

Introduction

In a recent article of mine, I argued that the 21st century has opened up a new niche for theology at a public university (Buitendag 2016). In my view, theology is a scholarly endeavour by believers in the public sphere in order to come to grips with multidimensional realities in a manner that matters.¹ I followed the definition of the Durban Declaration of a university. (u) niversities are places of debate and contestation which provide space for new knowledge to be created, intellectual activity and freedom of thought'. (South Africa 2015). One has to distinguish among a seminary (in its different forms), Christians universities and lately, theological inquiry. Theological inquiry has a critical approach in its methodology. It implies contestation, interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary and even transdisciplinary research and wants to contribute to humans' search for understanding and meaning. It is not essentially ecclesiastical, perhaps not even ecumenical. but scientific in nature (Buitendag 2016):

The point at stake here is that a new grammar has been developed for theology as a science. The challenge for a Faculty of Theology at a research-intensive university is to publish where it is noted, that is Scopus, The Scientific Electronic Library Online (SciELO) SA and the Norwegian list, and of course the Thompson Reuters' Web of Science, previously referred to as the Institute for Scientific Information (ISI), and the International Bibliography of the Social Sciences (IBSS). The three most important indices measuring the world ranking position of universities are currently the Academic Ranking of World Universities (ARWU), The *Times Higher Education* (THE) and the *Quacquarelli Symonds* (QS), each with its own criteria. (p. 5)

1. 'There are those who will claim that the third mission of universities (i.e. providing services to the communities – broadly conceived to include industry – in which they are embedded) is, in fact, a core function of universities. The work of Etzkowitz and Leydsdorff and their concept of the 'triple helix' is often cited as providing a model in which research, teaching and service are inseparable. While third-mission activities in contemporary universities may well be commonplace and perhaps even inescapable, it is still both conceivable and possible for these activities to be performed by organisations external to the university' (Cloete, Bunting & Maassen 2015:211).

How does one measure the impact of theological research? The traditional Hirsch Index (H-impact factor) does not do justice to the social sciences at all as it is not calculated for journals within Arts and Humanities (AH).

UP is to embark on a new model for research funding. A draft document, 'Proposal on allocation of research subsidy budget to faculties', was tabled at a meeting of the Academic Planning Committee (University of Pretoria 2016). This policy is still being developed and is by no means official and not disclosed. The importance of this document from a social science perspective, however, is that the argument for research impact is based on natural science indices. The essence of the proposal is basically the following:

- The ISI and IBSS databases will be used to identify international journal publications.
- Articles which are published in very high impact journals will be rewarded more than others. This will include articles in science, nature and the top journal of a particular discipline.
- Articles in international journals, which fall into the top 10% per discipline (as defined by Scopus) will be rewarded more than articles in other international journals.
- Articles in conference proceedings will be rewarded less than other internationally published articles.
- Articles in SA journals with an Impact Factor (IF)² of less than 1 (even listed by ISI, Scopus and/or SciELO SA) should not be awarded a subsidy.
- International is interpreted as being non-South African. Books (or chapters of books) only qualify for the allocation if they are published internationally.

I will argue therefore in terms of the three categories mentioned (research productivity, citations and academic reputation) as

2. 'Proposed by Eugene Garfield in 1955, the Impact Factor (IF) started to be used as a tool for assessing the quality of publications in the sixties and later used as a criterion for selection of journals to be indexed by the Science Citation Index (SCI)'.

http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?pid=S0066-782X2011000200001&script=sci_arttext&tlng=en

listed in particular by QS. However, the point of this chapter is therefore to acknowledge a certain degree of differentiation of natural and social sciences, with special reference to theology, when the research footprint is to be measured. Both the QS and the THE magazine have decided to use the Scopus Index for the metrics. The IF is an indicator of the WoS, while Scopus uses a similar indicator, namely, the SCImago Journal Rank (SJR) (SCImago 2017). In concrete terms, the SJR ascribes scholarly journals to four quartiles and any journal which is included in the first quartile is considered to rank among the top 25% of the journals belonging to its specific field. Scopus works with different subject areas, which means that the values of the SJR are radically different among different sciences, very much like the IF at Thomson Reuters.³

This chapter should be regarded as the last of the series of three that I have authored in this regard. This particular chapter is based on my report submitted to the Executive, in response to the above-mentioned proposal tabled at the Academic Planning Committee in October 2016. My first article in this series appeared in 2014 (Buitendag 2014). Acknowledgement is hereby given to my co-author who has been the Editor-in-Chief of Perichoresis: The Theological Journal of Emanuel University since 2003, a thematic research journal included by the SJR in Q4 (289 out of 381) for the year 2015 and the only Romanian journal in the field of theology (not religious studies or philosophy) covered by WoS in Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI) (currently under review for inclusion in Arts and Humanities Citation Index [AHCI]). What I and the co-author inter alia have in common is our mutual battle against the perception that only First-World countries can predominantly produce guality research and that quality theology should be weighted by natural science instruments - as if 'ex Africa nunguam aliquid novi'!

^{.....}

^{3.} Thomson Reuters has recently sold the Web of Science to Clarivate Analytics (http://clarivate.com/scientific-and-academic-research/research-discovery/ web-of-science/?_ga=1.234935873.1511600137.1486547578)

Reconsidering citations

There are three major instruments to measure citations:

JCR Impact factor⁴: 'The impact factor is ... a measure of the frequency with which the average article in a journal has been cited in a particular year or period. The annual JCR impact factor is a ratio between citations and recent citable items published. Thus, the impact factor of a journal is calculated by dividing the number of current year citations to the source items published in that journal during the previous two years.'

SCImago Journal Rank⁵ (SJR indicator): 'The SJR indicator is a measure of scientific influence of scholarly journals that accounts for both the number of citations received by a journal and the importance or prestige of the journals where such citations come from. The SJR indicator assigns different values to citations depending on the importance of the journals where they come from. This way, citations coming from highly important journals will be more valuable and hence will provide more prestige to the journals receiving them'.

The H-index⁶ (Hirsch index): 'The H-index of a researcher is defined as the number of articles published by the researcher, whose citations are greater than or equal to that number. For example, when we say that the H-index of a researcher is ten, it means that he has [*they have*] at least 10 articles published, each with at least 10 citations. The greater the number of articles of great interest published by the researcher, the greater the number of citations achieved, and the greater his [*their*] H-index, reflecting the academic and scientific quality of the researcher and his [*their*] production capacity. However, only the total number of articles, for example, may hide the

^{4.} http://wokinfo.com/essays/impact-factor/

^{5.} https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SCImago_Journal_Rank

^{6.} http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?pid=S0066-782X2011000200001&script=sci_arttext&tlng=en

lack of relevance of each text in isolation. We can thus say that the H-index is the result of the balance between the number of publications and the number of citations'.

The number of citations is a ranking indicator, which generally amounts to 20%-30% of the total score credited to the assessment of research outputs (Buitendag 2016:6). Thus, in concrete terms, the FT at the UP has been benchmarked for the past six years compared not only to similar theological faculties in SA, (Stellenbosch University, University of the Free State, and North-West University), but also with highly ranked international universities like those in Berlin, Edinburgh, and the Free University of Amsterdam.

Based on the bibliometric parameters supplied by WoS for the field of Religion, two aspects emerge as crucially important as well as poignantly valid for the redefinition of evaluation parameters not only in the general domain of AH but also in the specific fields of TRS. Thus, AH appear to be less dependent on specialised journals and more inclined to communicate scholarly productions by means of monographs/books as well as citations, both in and for the respective books. The exclusion of such paramount information from the assessment of research performance and its accompanying metrics is going to result in a severe under-representation of academic exchange in the field of AH, including TRS.

Secondly, citations in the broader domain of AH normally extend over a period ranging between two and five years, which are the standard time frames used by WoS for the calculation of the IF in Journal Citation Report (JCR). Invariably, this reflects as poor scores in Journal IFs in general, but also to extremely low scores for a 5-year IF. AH journals will score below par, even when a 10-year IF is used for the calculation of research performance metrics (Levitt et al. 2010:xi-xv).

Consequently, it is obvious that the number of publications exceeds the number of citations in the domain of AH, a common phenomenon that is also reflected in TRS. Inevitably, the IF does

Chapter 1

not constitute a true or valid parameter for the assessment of scientific publications in AH. It is precisely because of the insufficiency, as well as the incapacity of the IF to adequately represent the quality of scientific research in AH that QS and THE magazine have recently taken the decision to make use of the Scopus Index for the purpose of redefining the metrics and criteria which assess the quality of research in scientific outputs throughout the realm of humanistic disciplines. To be sure, the IF is an indicator used by the WoS while a similar indicator called SJR has been employed by Scopus.

Citations, however, must be approached sensibly, not only from the perspective of their counted number, but also from the reality of the research field in which a certain scholar works. For instance, even in theoretical and natural sciences whose citation IF is much higher than that of AH, citations evolve at different rates: to give just one example, while in mathematics citations indicate a slow evolution, in biomedicine they evolve very fast (Tijssen 2015:65). Similarly, within the very domain of AH, TRS may develop a different evolution in terms of citation impact than History or Cultural Anthropology. Moreover, the same pattern exists even between Theology, on the one hand, and Religious Studies on the other. Currently, the phrase 'theology and religious studies' differentiates between Christianity, presupposed by 'theology', and other world religions, designated as 'religious studies'. Often, too much emphasis is placed on the former which is automatically and traditionally considered superior or more deserving to be studied than the latter.

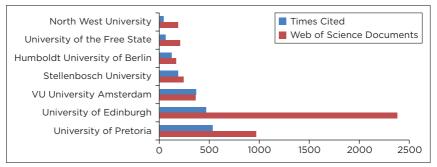
While this distinction is not always detrimental because some faculties may prefer to insist on Christian theology and not on world religions, both should constitute an institution of higher learning which aspires to be globally recognised as a genuine research university. A careful balance in this respect should be maintained and a merging of both as a single discipline which could be called religion or religious though could be investigated (Venter 2016:3–4).

In other words, a research university cannot afford not to be inclusive, if the same importance is not ascribed to all religions or cultures or societies. The conditions of objectivity and equal promotion in the academic field remain non-negotiable. This was exactly the motivation of the FT to change its name during the year of its Centenary to an inclusive 'Faculty of Theology and Religion'.

At the same time, one should never lose sight of the fact that the scientific world has a dynamic of its own and it is not always value or worth which prompt other scholars to read a certain article but often their subjective interests, their perspective on the country of origin of the author of that article, and other similar highly personal factors. For instance, in Africa, more than half of the continents 'most highly cited researchers' have so far been written in cooperation with colleagues from outside Africa (Tijssen 2015:71), which indicates that internationalisation and not necessarily one's intellectual value is what encourages an article be more frequently cited by others. Moreover, citations do not necessarily imply quality; one has to keep in mind that it is possible to have theological and religious journals which publish high quality articles but are not as cited as often as others. This may happen because it is assumed that Western journals tend to be generally considered better or more qualitative than their Eastern counterparts; hence, the preference of researchers to access and cite more from journals published in the developed world.

It is significant to notice in this respect that the research of the UP has a powerful impact with a ratio between citations and publications of 55% while, by comparison, the University of Edinburgh has 20%, as shown by the graph (Figure 1).

Consequently, educational policies seeking to support the publication of scientific articles for example in journals with an IF bigger than 1, will most certainly be detrimental not only in AH, but also, and especially in TRS. No single journal of TRS appears on the WoS IF list and all articles would therefore be excluded by the formula IF>1.



Source: Compiled by J. Buitendag.

FIGURE 1: International research footprint of benchmarking faculties of theology.

Coupled with the fact that in AH, vibrant academic communication is performed through books, not journals, it is more sensible to focus on assessment parameters which reflect the situation of the impact of academic products in AH in a more realistic way. This is why it seems to be more logical to move away from the IF system promoted by WoS and draw closer to the SJR produced by Scopus. As such, Religious Studies, which includes Theology, feature as a subcategory of the overarching AH in SJR with 381 journals listed as globally recognised for their scientific impact and only 95 journals included in the first quartile.⁷ Therefore, it can be argued rather convincingly that these journals are considered the best in the world in the field of Religious Studies and they do contribute, although moderately, to the metrics of both the QS and THE citation indices.

It should be noted that only one journal in this list of 95 titles has a SJR factor which is calculated to be higher than 1, namely *Psychology of Religion and Spirituality* with an IF of 1.059. The remaining journals in the first quartile focusing on Religious Studies have IFs lower than 1, with the lowest of 0.157 for *The Jewish Quarterly Review* which ends the first quartile list. When it comes

.....

7. http://scimagojr.com/journalrank.php?category=1212&area=1200&type=j

to the specific situation of SA, four journals make it into the first quartile: *HTS Theological Studies/Teologiese Studies* (0.236), *Neotestamentica* (0.212), *Acta Theologica* (0.197), and *Verbum et Ecclesia* (0.164).⁸

In light of this categorisation, it is evident that the WoS becomes rather inadequate as assessment criterion for scientific and humanistic journals. Educational policies attempting to prevent subsidies for articles with a factor lower than 1 do not take into account the points mentioned above. This is why the proposal to confine 'international journal publications' to WoS and IBSS databases' is in urgent need of serious revision.

I wish to make the following proposal to do justice to the principle of international benchmarking and quality research impact. To begin with, as far as TRS are concerned, the IF provided by WoS should be replaced by the score calculated by SJR, with a value higher than 0, so the proposed WoS IF>1 should be replaced by SJR>0 (Scopus, Elsevier), meaning, it has to appear in the SJR list with its four quartiles.

At the same time, the very definition of the adjective 'international' requires an equally substantial reconceptualisation. As such, South African journals listed in Scopus, some of which are also included in ISI/IBSS, should no longer be seen as local, but rather as international, since their contribution to scientific research is recognised by their inclusion in reputed international databases like Scopus. Hence the phrase 'international journals' should be interpreted as research based on international databases such as Scopus, WoS and Open Access Publishing in European Networks (OAPEN).⁹ When these

8. http://www.scimagojr.com/journalrank.php?category=1212&area=1200&count ry=Africa&type=j&year=2015

9. Journals in the Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI) have passed an initial editorial evaluation and can continue to be considered for inclusion in products such as Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE), Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI), and AHCI. All ESCI journals will be indexed according to the same data standards, including cover-to-cover indexing, cited reference indexing, subject

are South African journals, they will have to be published in English so that their international impact can be maximised and measured. In the very specific case of the UP, its radical transformation from a national to an international institution of higher learning is 'in part' the result of 'publishing in non-Afrikaans journals' (Makholwa 2014:21). This is extremely important because it appears that articles in English make the greatest impact due to their availability in the lingua franca of the 21st century, as demonstrated by the 97% of articles produced by African researchers between 2007 and 2011 (Pouris & Ho 2014:2172), which is a critical move towards rebranding research throughout the continent.

It should be stressed here that the very notion of impact is at stake in AH, and especially in TRS. It is problematic to ensure that what is termed 'research impact' is correctly ascribed to scholars and researchers in every field, as well as for TRS. It is equally difficult, if not impossible, to predict the impact that research works will have in the future; at the same time, there is no certainty in evaluating the research impact of academic works before being published. Based on these considerations and similar concerns (such as the fact that the research impact cannot always be convincingly attributed to a certain person or group of persons and that the same research impact cannot be based on the time frame between the actual publication of a certain research output and the first perceived evidence of the research impact). it may be necessary, helpful but also responsible and logical, to replace the idea of 'impact' with the notion of 'value' (Levitt et al. 2010:xiii). The problem of evaluating research outputs, however, does not vanish into thin air: the extremely difficult issue of finding a way to quantify, measure, and calculate the impact or value of scholarly work remains and must be legislated in some way for the sake of building a system of academic accountability.

⁽footnote 9 continues ...)

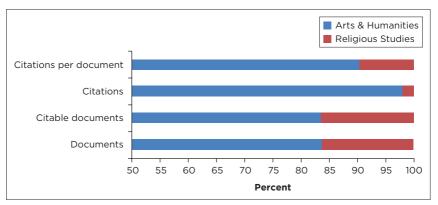
category assignment, and indexing all authors and addresses. (Exerpt from the *Web of Science Core Collection – Emerging Sources Citation Index* by Thomson Reuters Flyer).

Redefining productivity

In TRS, it is often the case that scientific productions, books and articles, are not always correctly evaluated from the standpoint of their importance for the field they serve. In other words, the number of research outputs is not always correctly matched with the impact they produce in the fields of TRS throughout the world. To take just one example, the members of the FT at the UP have constantly been exceedingly productive in terms of research outputs such as books and articles, to the point that the annual number of doctoral graduates (30 in 2015) became almost equal to the number of C1 staff, which is a remarkable achievement. As it happens, the FT is by far the smallest faculty within the UP (1.4% of students and 1.5% of lecturers) and it still produces approximately 12% of the article output and 9% of the weighted research output of the entire university.

It is crucial to understand that while TRS are not considered independent research fields by any indexing agency, they function as subcategories of the domain of AH and thus contribute, albeit indirectly, to the particular case of the UP. The aim is to firmly establish the position of the Faculty of Humanities, even if the FT is an independent organisational body. This situation is not unique throughout SA, so it is not unfair to affirm that TRS contributes solidly to the development of AH. It is thus clear that as a ranking indicator, productivity needs to be redefined, since the research of Faculties of Theology contribute not only to the establishment of their own field, but also to the reputation of adjacent domains throughout the spectrum of AH, as it amounts to 30% of the total score ascribed to the assessment of research outputs (Figure 2).

Since by virtue of the inclusion of TRS in the field of AH by all indexing agencies, the FT in SA are indirect contributors to the development of the faculties of AH, despite their independence from each other. It is important to acknowledge the FT by recognising their international contribution in terms of academic productivity. For instance, there is currently an uneasiness about



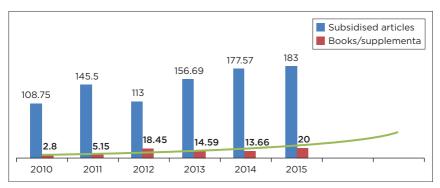
Source: Compiled from http://scimagojr.com/journalrank.php?area=1200&coun try=Africa&year=2015.

FIGURE 2: Contribution of Religious Studies to Arts & Humanities in South Africa.

the adequate definition of 'international' as applied to books and book chapters 'published internationally'.

In AH, most academic conversations are based on monographs and books, and the Book Citation Index is a crucial indexing instrument for TRS at the same level with AHCI, so what the latter is for journals the former is for books. Given that the publication of books has recently become more significant for world rankings and also for subsidy purposes by the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET) (with 10 units earned for a publication exceeding 300 pages), the FT at the UP has significantly increased its efforts to publish books for the past three years, as seen in Figure 3.

Having established the crucial contribution of books to the development of scientific research in TRS, it is vital that the adjective 'international' be applied not only to books and book chapters published outside SA, but also to those published in SA provided they are published in the Open Access system and listed in reputed international databases like Scopus, WoS, and OAPEN. Thus, 'books and chapters published internationally' should not be interpreted as exclusively 'non-South African' but



Source: Buitendag (2016b:4).

FIGURE 3: Faculty of Theology publications over five years: Articles versus books.

as inclusively South African if they are covered by the above-mentioned indexing agencies. $^{10}\,$

When such goals are achieved, one must not lose sight of research incentives. As such, it is important to establish a fair compensation by means of such incentives with particular reference to every scholar. Current subvention fees for articles in accredited journals range from R5 000 to R15 000 in SA and in the case of the FT at the UP. have to be paid by the author. Some way of compensation has to be found. If not, it is inevitable that negative consequences will result. For instance, academics appointed by the UP in the FT, receive the lowest incentive rates as compared to the four benchmarking South African faculties of theology. If this situation is not remedied, losing associates, fellows and members of the staff will become an unfortunate reality, which may also result in a lack of motivation to publish productively.

This is why research productivity must be re-evaluated and redefined so that it may eventually, be adequately quantified and

10. The National Research Foundation expects that all book publications should be open access within 12 months after publication (http://www.nrf.ac.za/media-room/news/statement-open-access-research-publications-national-research-foundation-nrf-funded).

properly rewarded. Before quantification and reward, however. the very concept of operationalisation must aim at turning research productivity into something that functions well within universities. Thus, in order for research productivity to increase, universities will have to focus on stimulating individual incentives (self-determination, fulfilment and confidence). institutional factors (financial incentives and infrastructure), carefully designed and implemented funding policies (identification of donors and international cooperation), and the careful determination to instil a realistic research culture (management philosophy, behaviour regulations and leadership focus). Without these policies, research productivity is most unlikely to increase or at least be maintained at a steady level. Universities will be trapped into a never-ending cycle of attempts characterised by 'struggling to improve ... academic research productivity' (Musiige & Maasen 2015:113-115, 110).

At the same time, and this is a serious caveat, productivity and reward must be balanced without losing sight of the fact that when productivity is measured by various ranking indicators originating from exact sciences, not only the very essence of TRS can become superfluous but also with the inevitable consequence of the diminishing role of applied theology. The idea of excellence will be 'reduced to statistical accountancy' (Mbembe 2016:4). Productivity is not the most important aspect of scientific research and neither is reward; yet, an exclusive focus on productivity and reward will inevitably lead to false comparisons between local and somewhat exotic institutions of higher education and very old and competitive universities (Mbembe 2016:5) which in turn will nullify the special character of the former while missing the effectiveness of the latter both in terms of productivity and incentives. Important as it may be, incentives must be devised cleverly because while it seems at first that only academic rewards are effective to boost the morale of scholars, it may be the case that non-academic incentives can prove to be at least as effective, provided researchers are given due credit for their work in the academy (Levitt et al. 2010:xv).

Since it appears that there is a direct connection between the scholars' morale and their research productivity (Wangenge-Ouma, Lutomiah & Langa 2015:130), there is little doubt that 'academic and research performance' must be connected to 'progression in a cademic careers' (Wangenge-Ouma et al. 2015:134). In other words, anyone who is productive in the academic field must be promoted so that the scholar themselves will be capable of perceiving some concrete results of their academic efforts. Thus, universities must constantly find ways to offer promotion opportunities with clear advancement methodologies from lower to higher academic ranks, financial allowances for academic work like supervision and publications, as well as recognition of supervision and publications provided they are both perceived and evaluated as successful (Wangenge-Ouma et al. 2015:138-140). A key aspect of the fine-tuning of incentives for the real increase of research productivity is to strike a balance between the time allocated to research and reasonable teaching loads which are often very heavy and burdensome, to the evident detriment of research productivity (Wangenge-Ouma et al. 2015:141).

With this in mind, productivity and incentives are important for university life because research outputs must be produced, disseminated, and validated somehow - this is, after all, the very life of universities. The balance between the two, however, must be kept in favour of those who are productive and fit for the deserved reward, irrespective of any aspects which pertain to their being other than their mind - the only real currency in universities. In offering rewards for productivity, discrimination of any sort, such as apartheid policies, must be avoided, discouraged, and - if possible - eliminated in favour of one's intellectual achievements. Evidently, moving beyond apartheid is a bold but necessary decolonisation measure which must imply that all people, irrespective of their particularities and country of origin, must be given equal chances to perform in the realm of scientific inquiry and subsequently be rewarded correctly in a globalised world which will neither avoid SA nor destroy its national attachment (Clark 2007:305). Thus, rewarding scholarly productivity must never be guided by tolerance, which only increases intolerance, but only by fair, proper, and hopefully commensurate recognition of one's research products and their inherent quality, not by any kind of discriminatory aspects such as race, sex, or age (Njovane 2015:116-129).

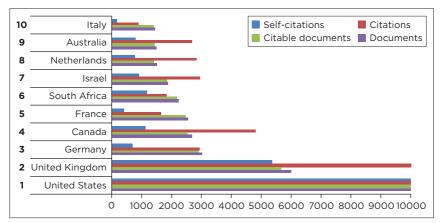
While incentives must be fairly distributed so that all scholars are encouraged to produce research outputs, it is important to realise that senior scholars have the chance to produce works which have a higher impact. Factors such as the higher academic status and the wider range of opportunities present are more likely to favour senior and established scholars more than their younger and less experienced colleagues. It is often a fact that it is much more difficult for junior scholars to publish and then disseminate the results of their work through various conferences and workshops than it is for their senior colleagues who are much more famous in their fields (Levitt et al. 2010:xiv). This is why it is important to reassess productivity as well as the reality of academic reputations. A re-examination of these two factors as promotion criteria is long overdue.

Rebranding reputation

The third ranking indicator in need of reassessment is reputation, which in fact derives from research impact and research productivity. Although notoriously difficult to measure, reputation appears to rise up to 40% of the total score ascribed to the assessment of research outputs, which turns it into the most important ranking indicator considered in light of scientific scoring. When applied to the particular case of the FT at the UP reputation is one of the defining criteria of the institution, which is not only renowned for its scientific excellence, but also its high esteem continentally and globally.

Set against the SJR regarding Religious Studies as subcategory of AH, South African universities hold the sixth position in the world. When included in the wider category of AH, the field of Religious Studies places SA 10 positions lower, namely dropping to position number 16 in the world; it must be highlighted once again, that this happens when Religious Studies are judged from the perspective of their contribution to the development of the more encompassing category of AH.¹¹ The graph in Figure 4 is self-explanatory as it provides obvious evidence in favour of the global position of South African Religious Studies (no. 6) when considered separately from AH, but also the much lower position (no. 16) when placed within AH also within SA.

It is not unusual to understand why South African Religious Studies have such a powerful impact not only in SA, but also in Africa as a continent and then all over the world. As Paul Gifford indicates in his authoritative study entitled *African Christianity: Its public role*, the strongest institution south of the Sahara is the church. To be more precise, the most influential social reality which shapes human life in Sub-Saharan Africa is Christianity with its entire Sub-Saharan of confessional churches. This is indicative



Source: Compiled from http://scimagojr.com/countryrank.php?area=1200& category=1212.

FIGURE 4: International position of South Africa in the field of Religious Studies.

11. http://scimagojr.com/countryrank.php?area=1200

of the fact that no other organisation in Africa has dominance throughout the continent in the sense that it is indeed the best institution, both religiously and secularly, to interact with poor and disadvantaged people (Mamphele Ramphele). Such fringe activities naturally emanate from the church and its members, so it can be argued that if exceptional work leads to social reputation, it is only logical for universities to profit in a positive way, through the activities of the various faculties of theology. The equation is very simple: the church helps the poor, the church acquires a reputation and influence. The church collaborates with faculties of theology, the faculties of theology benefit from the reputation and influence of churches, and finally this reputation and influence placed upon the faculties of theology can be reflected positively and in numerous ways on the universities which host them. Why? Because while the work of the church reflects positively on the university, the reputation of the university is likely to increase because of the church without a heavy dependence or reliance on the church (Olson 2005:116). In other words, the university does not have to rely on the church; it only has to work with the church.

This is extremely important because, as noted before, not all scholars find it easy to make their research known throughout the academy. While more senior scholars have already built a reputation of their own and are consequently known and appreciated in their fields, the same cannot be said of junior scholars for whom going up in their field of expertise may prove much more difficult. This is why, junior researchers - and senior researchers too - should try to step beyond the academic field into society and find new ways to disseminate their research through any means which popularise science, for the sake of everybody, and especially of those less fortunate. For instance, they should no longer focus exclusively on conversing with experts in their fields but rather attempt to step beyond the narrow field of their expertise to connect with common people by means of popular magazines, newspapers, public lectures, and even popular books. All these aspects will certainly contribute not only to making certain researchers known in society but also to strengthening the reputation of their faculties and universities (Levitt et al. 2010:xiv).

Establishing a solid reputation means confirmation of 'competitiveness on the international stage' (Cloete et al. 2015:20). Attaining a high level of international competitiveness is never easy and in order for this to be achieved, institutions of higher learning must turn into research universities. It is absolutely vital to understand at this point that reputation may mean different things in different countries, and even internationally. While in industrialised countries, academic reputation is established by being highly competitive and consequently published in top research journals, developing countries with slow growth economies and lower per capita income, scholarly reputation may mean getting involved in the advancement of local and national academic systems (Cloete et al. 2015:20). Reputation is first established nationally and only then internationally, although exceptional international achievements will undoubtedly increase local and national reputation as well.

Going back to the particular case of the FT at the UP, its social impact was noticed not only by the leaders of various churches in the country but also by society as a whole. In concrete terms, doctorates have been conferred by the UP on four current bishops of the Anglican Church of Southern Africa and the four partner churches of the FT elected their moderators form the faculty's academic staff members. This is compelling proof that the FT at the UP is not only thriving academically in terms of research indexing and academic productivity, but is also constantly growing in reputation both in SA and beyond.

As the work of the church is unceasingly informed as well as supported, in SA, by the teaching and research activities of the FT within the UP, it goes without saying that the FT is reflected in the work of the church. Thus, the reputation which the FT enjoys in society, also as a result of what the church does in helping the poor and the disadvantaged, reflects itself positively on the UP as institutional host for the academic field of TRS which, despite the huge advances of sciences these days, remains a critical field for the development of social justice and human rights. People today may not be interested in explaining the existence of God, but they are surely interested in explaining belief or faith in God and how this becomes relevant in our secularised context; it is in fact explanations like these which promoted, develop, and defend not only social justice but also human rights so that the fabric of society remains intact (Balcomb 2012:9–10).

At the same time, given the exceptional performance of the FT with regard to scientific research as evaluated and based on scientific citations, research productivity, and academic reputation, all established nationally and internationally, it is clearly safe to say that the UP deserves to profit, substantially and steadily, from the scientific work of its FT. Lastly, but certainly not the least important, the UP has the opportunity to benefit from the reputation which its FT earned ecclesiastically, socially, and academically to strengthen its own global reputation among similar highly ranked institutions in the world. In order to do this, however, the need to produce as well as appoint a 'competent labour force' and 'highly skilled' professionals (Cloete et al. 2015:29) is more stringent than ever because academic progress and research advancement cannot be achieved unless scholars are recognised as globally competitive through the academic validation of their research outputs. Since competence transcends nationalities and nations, if the UP wants to increase its influence by raising its research impact, it is evident that policies must be enforced in favour of appointing competent researchers not only from the native South Africans, but also from abroad so that a comfortable balance should exist between equity and guality (Govinder, Zando & Makgoba 2013:5-7). In a globalised world, multiculturalism is not only a reality but also the very force behind the production of exceptional research outputs because appointing people from abroad is very likely to contribute to the consolidation of a vigorous national identity both socially and academically (Clark 2007:315).

Reimagining progress

Going forward is never easy and it is even less so for universities in a globalised world. However, if moving on is facilitated not only by obtaining better results, but also by obtaintaining better outcomes, the policies behind such facilitation are already a huge step forward. In other words, if universities could find a way to give credit for, assess and validate output within a meaningful framework, or within its own immediate context, progress has will have been established. When applied to TRS, this golden rule presupposes the evaluation of theological and religious work by means of instruments which are case specific for theology and religion, not for other disciplines. Concretely, TRS cannot be given value or added extra credit by being measured through the metrics provided by the WoS IF, on the contrary, in order for TRS to be correctly and meaningfully evaluated, such measurements must be done by means of SJR, which incorporates the criteria to validate the inner reality of AH as well as that of TRS.

Since the IF from WoS functions better for natural and social sciences, but less well for AH, it is irrational to apply metrics specific to exact sciences to disciplines which are not scientific. The way forward for TRS is to be fairly judged against criteria of performance which are sensible for the field of TRS, and at most for AH, but not for other sciences. And if progress is associated with meaningfulness, then the scientific evaluation of academic outputs in TRS must be done through ranking indicators which must not only be adapted to measure the scientific life of TRS, but also to confer meaning upon the work of theologians and religious scholars through a rightful and just evaluation.

At the same time, fair compensation must be awarded to theologians and religious scholars who publish in significant journals which are covered by various databases of scientific repute throughout the world. A possible way forward towards the financial compensation of researchers is to decrease the amount of money given to articles which make it into the DHET, to maintain the same value, differentiated though from smaller to bigger amounts, for articles published in journals covered by SciELO SA, Scopus, and the first quartile of JSR, and to increase the funds for the journals published in journals indexed in the top 10% of the journals listed in JSR.

The differentiation in funding should be applied to all three ranking indicators evaluated so far, namely citations, productivity, and reputation, provided each is reconsidered, redefined, and rebranded in such a way that not only individual researchers are compensated meaningfully for their hard work, but also so that the whole field of TRS is advanced and constantly supported through policies focused on reimagining and the defining of academic advancement.

This model can be implemented fairly easily. In particular, the faculties of TRS should focus on producing articles which will be published in the journals which are listed in the top 10% of their discipline as included in SJR provided by Scopus. As of 2017, 381 journals are listed in the subcategory of religious studies, while 95 of them are included in the first quartile. There are currently seven traditional disciplines in TRS, namely NTS, OTS, Systematic and Historical Studies, Science of Religion and Missiology, PT, Religion Studies, and Multidisciplinary Approaches. In any theological faculty, the heads of departments should be asked to identify the top seven journals in their respective fields of academic research, all included up to date in the first quartile including journals which transcend specific disciplines into broader domains of scientific inquiry.

It is, therefore, absolutely necessary to implement a responsible methodology for the accurate and meaningful evaluation of the scholarly impact of all works pertaining to the fields of TRS. Such a methodology, characterised by sensitivity, fairness and responsibility towards the personal and collective effort by scholars off their published works, must always have as its prime aim to advance and progress the Faculty of TRS and by consequence, the reputation of the hosting university. The very first step towards the establishment of scientific progress in the fields of TRS consists of reconsidering citations. redefining productivity, rebranding reputation, and reimagining advancement through the active implementation of two simple and clear policies. Firstly, the formula IF>1, that refers to articles published in journals for which WoS calculates an IF bigger than 1, must be changed in the sense that it must be replaced by the formula SJR>0, pertaining to articles published in journals for which SJR calculates an IF bigger than 0. Secondly, it is crucially important that the very definition of the concept 'international' should be adapted to cover databases like Scopus, WoS, and OAPEN (perhaps ERIH as well¹²) even if they include, in the specific case of SA, journals published in SA. For the sake of clarity, South African journals which are listed in the international databases, Scopus, WoS, and OAPEN and even the European Reference Index for the Humanities and the Social Sciences (ERIH PLUS) should no longer be considered local, but fully-fledged international because their inclusion in these databases is not only a recognition of their scientific value, but also a confirmation of their scholarly impact at international level in the academic field. The implementation of such academic policies will not only ensure the proper evaluation, credit and compensation for the work of individual academics, but also that the prestige of faculties of TRS, as well as that of their hosting universities, is adequately established scientifically, socially, and culturally.

Nevertheless, when science, society, and culture blend together in a reality which seeks to produce knowledge, advancement, and progress, it is advisable to realise that research ranking is a Western product. The fact that it is Western is not automatically bad; it is however a reason for concern regarding how African universities attempt to rebrand themselves in a globalised world where AH seems to lose their appeal (Abdullah 2011:18). The hegemony of the West in scholarly research is a fact, whether or not it is the result of the fact that African universities want

12. https://dbh.nsd.uib.no/publiseringskanaler/erihplus/about/criteria for inclusion

to imitate or emulate their Western counterparts. Western as it is, research and university ranking is a tool which may prove useful when dealing with the reality of the necessity to quantify the value and impact of scholarly products and if it is good, then African universities should make use of it. Deciding how or which ranking system should be used for certain fields of academic inquiry is where serious discernment should prevail. At the same time, seeing how these evaluations are useful to society as a whole, is another issue which requires close and careful examination. Coming to grips with such complex realities requires not only academic work, but also solidarity and cooperation, both national and international (Abdullah 2011:18-19) so that adequate measures are devised and implemented for the successful promotion of scientific research even in fields of inquiry which are more difficult to evaluate, like AH or TRS.

This is why in 2010 the RAND Corporation published a survey which revealed that AH, and by implication TRS, are neither dying as academic disciplines or fields of scholarly inquiry, nor are they succumbing to the exact and natural sciences. In fact, the survey clearly indicated that both the University of Cambridge and the Arts and Humanities Research Council, which both ordered the study, were most interested in the situation of AH not only in tertiary education contexts but also in the non-academic background of contemporary society. In fact, both institutions were actively involved in finding ways to do the following:

- Evaluate the impact of AH.
- Devise mechanisms to fund AH.
- Develop better ways to understand, describe and assess research impact in AH.
- Seek to put together an adequate methodology for the proper evaluation of the research impact of AH.

These four aspects reveal that there is an active interest not only in the field of AH, but also in how these impacts on society as a whole. Better ways to evaluate this impact need to be developed. AH impact on society and it is because of this awareness and its contribution to research, that AH should be evaluated as fairly and correctly as possible. The most striking aspect which results from this study is the urgent need to find new methods to assess the research impact of AH. There are more ways than one to evaluate the impact of AH. It is highly possible that more than one way exists and can coexist. AH are so complex and difficult to evaluate that one must be open to multiple possibilities which can all be valid even in different settings (Levitt et al. 2010:xi-xii).

This complexity also points to the fact that the very notion of impact is problematic, primarily because AH have 'many impacts' both within and beyond universities, in the publishing industry, professional practice, mass media, and cultural life. Consequently, the research impact in AH is not only difficult to measure accurately, but also extremely hard to predict. Such realisation leads to another problematic aspect, namely that young researchers need an extensive period of time for research which will consequently represent lower impacts while their senior colleagues will most probably score higher points on this assessment criteria.

At the same time, given their specificity, AH are more likely than exact and natural sciences to produce 'public knowledge creation'. This is problematic in calculating their real research impact, because this impact is often unplanned and often impossible to evaluate. Despite these acknowledged difficulties, it is clear that AH (TRS included) continue to effect a considerable influence in the academic field and in most common strata of society. To evaluate this influence, it is imperative that assessment criteria be adjusted responsibly, in order to take into account these variants from other academic disciplines (Levitt et al. 2010:xiv-xv).

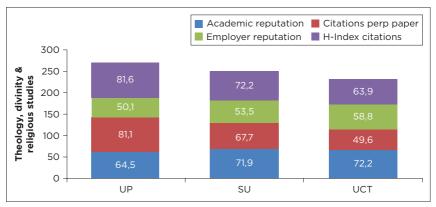
It is certainly very clear that even in the favourable outcome that such policies are accepted and then duly implemented, the ever present issue of finances comes into question. Is it feasible that the promotion of TRS by means of the proper recognition of scientific works pertaining to these fields be sustained in the long run and if so, is it possible to find the adequate financial means to insure such progress?

While the question is certainly obvious, so is the positive answer which accompanies it and can be found in the so-called 'triple-helix' formula focusing on the rather complex web of relationships between university, industry, and government (see Cloete et al. 2015:211). In other words, universities must find ways to cooperate with various industries and government institutions for the proper evaluation and fair compensation of the scientific work of their scholars even to the point that not only natural and social sciences are favoured, primarily because their results are more easily absorbed into society to generate income, but also because humanities and especially TRS are envisioned as partners in promoting success, advancing progress, and improving life. For such a vision to take shape, one needs to consider the so-called '(neo-) institutional perspective' on the relationships between university, industry, and government, according to which the university works in partnership with the industry and government in order to find new visions into innovation, so that mutually beneficial relationships are mutually profitable. Universities should not only be dependent on the government or the industry (the statist configuration), neither should they be left to manage on their own either (the laissez-faire configuration). On the contrary, universities must be included in a system which functions in such a way that the results of scholarly work (scientific, social, cultural, financial etc.) are enjoyed by the university, industry, and government alike (the balanced configuration) (Ranga & Etzkowitz 2013). Evidently, in the real world, universities cannot function without finances, so the debtfree college model based on tuition free initiatives are headed for disaster while the state funded college model anchored in full government support may lead to shortcomings in teaching and research (Sweetland Edwards 2016:76-77).

This is why having the necessary financial means to run a university from various sources like students and/or university, industry, and government appears to be a policy of common sense – not only because it makes mutual interdependency a cause for serious accountability, but also because it may work as an incentive for each and all the institutions involved in financing education and hence further development.

Should such policies be adopted, the relationship between universities, industries, and government will be considered from the so-called '(neo-) evolutionary perspective because these three entities will inevitably 'coevolve' into 'subsets of social systems'. In other words, universities, industries, and government will develop together into self-sustaining systems which will automatically inform as well as influence society as a whole. When this happens, these interactions between universities, industries, and government will be able to be measured by specific indicators which will give concrete shape to the cooperation between scholars, managers, and policy makers. Provided this model functions well, universities will become, guite naturally, entrepreneurial because they will have to constantly seek new ways of interaction with the industry and the government so that their work is not only properly rewarded financially, but also transposed meaningfully into the wider web of social existence for the active and unceasing promotion of the common good. When applied to TRS, people training in these fields must be aware, sympathetic, and respectful of other religions so that by means of such understanding, society is going to constantly move forward in a never-ending pursuit of knowledge and progress (Hinnells 2004:127-128).

The QS World University Rankings by Subject 2017 released on 08 March 2017 their latest metrics and rankings in a new category of 'Theology, Divinity & Religious Studies' (QS WUR 2017). The FT at Pretoria (and so Stellenbosch and Cape Town) has been ranked in a position between positions 51-100 in the world (Figure 5). No other African institution appears on this list. Pretoria achieved position 14 in the world regarding h-impact and position 28 in the world regarding citations per paper. This is the number one position in Africa.



Source: Compiled by J. Buitendag.

FIGURE 5: Three faculties of Theology in Africa among the top 100 of the QS WUR.

Firstly, religion is not dying in the world, despite the advancement of science, for instance, in the Global South Christianity is on the rise and this situation is likely to remain unchanged at least for the next few decades (Werner 2011:94); and secondly, in Southern Africa most church leaders lack theological education because of prohibitive costs (Werner 2011:96). Thus, if the UP finds ways and encourages policies to theologically and religiously instruct not only people from SA but also from the whole region of Southern Africa, its chances to expand its social, intellectual, and cultural influence will grow exponentially.

Findings and proposals

As a field of scientific inquiry, TRS is at crossroads. In order for it to thrive in the academic environment, the whole system which evaluates TRS from the perspective of its scholarly outputs needs serious rethinking. This chapter has identified three areas of such revision: citations, productivity, and reputation. As indicated in the chapter, citations must be reconsidered by changing the very instrument based on which assessments are made, namely switching from WoS IF to the calculations provided by SJR performed by Scopus as the only currently valid database encompassing the actual life of representative journals in TRS. Then, productivity must be redefined by acknowledging that within AH, the subcategory of TRS makes an enormous contribution which is not duly acknowledged; moreover, scientific productions in the field must be rewarded by proper incentives, so that scholars are encouraged not only to advance academically but also contribute to the development of the field. Thirdly, reputation has to be rebranded by building an international community of scholars, in the specific case of SA, while equity and guality must be in equilibrium. More international scholars from abroad should be appointed so that competitiveness is fostered, which often results in better output. These three measures should lead to reimagining academic progress especially by turning institutions of higher learning not only into entities of trained evaluators and promotors of scientific quality in research and publication, but also in centres of research productivity which are adequately connected to the high quality standards of global research.

Summary: Chapter 1

TRS are two interconnected and mutually dependent fields of academic inquiry, which belong to the larger and more encompassing domain of general humanities. Given this interconnectivity, reciprocity, and interdependability as integrative part of the humanities, TRS find themselves in the same position of being constantly evaluated from various perspectives, including the particularly measurable aspect of research outputs. While research outputs can be measured rather easily in the sense that they are tangible and readable in a published format, the way they are actually evaluated and given credit for regarding their content is a totally different matter and a whole lot more complex a problem. This chapter is an attempt to demonstrate that research productions in the field of TRS should be evaluated not only against other completely different fields, such as natural sciences, but also against closer and more related domains from the very corpus of the Humanities. It is suggested, therefore, that three distinct features should be taken into account for a proper and fair assessment of research outputs in TRS: research productivity, citations, and academic reputation. These, in turn, must be always complemented by a set of necessarily subsequent measures such as an increased productivity reward, high citations reward, high impact journals must be rewarded, and international to be increased. The proposed ranking indicators and their rewarding measures are going to be discussed and exemplified with specific reference to the research performance of the FT within the UP, SA.

References

Chapter 1

- Abdullah, S., 2011, 'Our own world-view of the university', in C. Alvares & S.S. Faruqi (eds.), *Decolonising the university. The emerging quest for non-eurocentric paradigms*, n.p., Penerbit Universiti Sains Malaysia, Pulau Pinang.
- Balcomb, A.O., 2012, 'What theology? Whose development? Interrogating theology and development in the secular academy', *Journal of Theology for Southern Africa* 142(4), 6-20.
- Buitendag, J., 2014, 'Between the Scylla and the Charybdis: Theological education in the 21st century in Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), 1–5. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2855
- Buitendag, J., 2016a, "The idea of the University" and the "Pretoria Model" Apologia pro statu Facultatis Theologicae Universitatis Pretoriensis ad secundum saeculum', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(4), 1-11. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.4366
- Buitendag, J., 2016b, 'Commentary on the proposal of the research subsidy budget', Unpublished report to the Academic Planning Committee (APC) of the University of Pretoria, 1–9.
- Clark, J., 2007, 'Perceptions of Australian cultural identity among Asian Australians', *Australian Journal of Social Issues* 42(3), 303–320. https://doi. org/10.1002/j.1839-4655.2007.tb00060.x
- Cloete, N., Bunting, I. & Maassen, P., 2015, 'Research universities in Africa. An empirical overview of eight flagship universities', in P. Cloete, T. Maassen & T. Bailey (eds.), *Knowledge production and contradictory functions in African Higher Education*, pp. 18–31, African Minds, Cape Town.
- Govinder, K.S., Zondo, N.P. & Makgoba, M.W., 2013, 'A new look at demographic transformation for universities in South Africa', *South African Journal of Science* 109(11/12), 1-11.
- Hinnells, J.R., 2004, 'Funding and assessment in British universities. Impact on theology and religious studies', *Teaching Theology and Religion* 7(3), 124–133. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9647.2004.00202.x
- Levitt, R., Celia, C., Diepeveen, S., Chonaill, S.N., Rabinovich, L. & Tiessen, J., 2010, Assessing the impact of arts and humanities research at the University of Cambridge, viewed 28 January 2017, from http://www.rand.org.
- Makholwa, A., 2014, 'Race to the top. SA's premier universities are trying to improve their global standings while ensuring they transform sufficiently', *Financial Mail* 24 January 2014, pp. 16–22.
- Mbembe, A., 2016, *Decolonizing knowledge and the question of the archive*, viewed 28 January 2017, from http://wiser.wits.ac.za/system/files/Achille%20 Mbembe%20-%20Decolonizing%20Knowledge%20and%20the%20 Question%20of%20the%20Archive.pdf

- Musiige, G. & Maassen, P., 2015, 'Faculty perceptions of the factors that influence research productivity at Makerere University', in N. Cloete, P. Maassen & T. Bailey (eds.), *Knowledge production and contradictory functions in African higher education*, pp. 109–127, African Minds, Cape Town.
- Njovane, T., 2015, 'The violence beneath the veil of politeness. Reflections on race and power in the academy', In P.A. Tabensky (ed.), *Being at home. Race, institutional culture, and transformation at South African higher education institutions*, pp. 116–129, University of KwaZulu-Natal Press, Pietermaritzburg.
- Olson, P.L.H., 2005, 'A university and its denomination. The ties that bind in the 21st century', Doctoral dissertation, University of Pennsylvania.
- Pouris, A. & Ho, Y.-S., 2014, 'Research emphasis and collaboration in Africa', *Scientometrics* 98(3), 2169–2184. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-013-1156-8
- QS WUR, 2017, QS world university rankings by subject 2017, viewed 15 May 2017, from https://www.topuniversities.com/university-rankings/university-subject-rankings/2017/theology-divinity-religious-studies
- Ranga, M. & Etzkowitz, H., 2013, 'Triple helix systems: An analytical framework for innovation policy and practice in the knowledge society', *Industry and Higher Education* 27(4), 237-262, Special Issue 'Innovation policy as a concept for developing economies: Renewed perspectives on the Triple Helix system', viewed 02 February 2017, from http://triplehelix.stanford.edu/3helix_concept.
- SCImago, 2007, *SJR SCImago Journal & Country Rank*, viewed 21 July 2015, from http://www.scimagojr.com.
- South Africa, Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET), 2015, *The 2015 Durban statement on transformation in higher education*, Department of Higher Education and Training, Pretoria.
- Steynberg, S., 2016, Faculty of Theology, University of Pretoria benchmarking with national and international institutions, Department of Library Services, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Sweetland Edwards, H., 2016, 'Who's picking up the education tab?', *Time*, 24 October 2016, pp. 76–77.
- Tijssen, R., 2015, 'Research output and international research cooperation in African flagship universities', in N. Cloete, P. Maassen & T. Bailey (eds.), *Knowledge production and contradictory functions in African higher education*, pp. 61–74, African Minds, Cape Town.
- University of Pretoria, 2016, *Proposal on allocation of research subsidy budget to faculties (AP054/16)*, Academic Planning Document, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Venter, R., 2016, 'Theology and the (post-)apartheid university. Mapping discourses, interrogating transformation', *Transformation in Higher Education* 1(1), a5. https://doi.org/10.4102/the.v1i1.5
- Wangenge-Ouma, G., Lutomiah, A. & Langa, P., 2015, 'Academic incentives for knowledge production in Africa. Case studies of Mozambique and Kenya', in N. Cloete, P. Maassen & T. Bailey (eds.), *Knowledge production and contradictory functions in African higher education*, pp. 128–147, African Minds, Cape Town.

Werner, D., 2011, 'Theological education in the changing context of world Christianity: An unfinished agenda', *International Bulletin of Missionary Research* 35(2), 92–100. https://doi.org/10.1177/239693931103500206

Chapter 2

Adamo, D.T., 2007, 'Decolonizing the Psalter in Africa', *Black Theology* 5(1), 20-38. https://doi.org/10.1558/blth.2007.5.1.20

Adeyemo, T., 2006, Africa Bible Commentary, WordAlive Publishers, Nairobi.

- Ahluwali, P., 2000, Politics and post-colonial theory: African Inflections, Routledge, London.
- Balentine, S.E., 1999, *The Torah's vision of worship*, Fortress Press, Minneapolis, MN.
- Barton, J., 2014, Ethics in Ancient Israel, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Becker, U., 2005, *Exegese des Alten Testaments. Ein Methoden- und Arbeitsbuch*, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen (UTB).
- Bediako, K., 2004, 'Review of Holter, Knut Old Testament Research for Africa: A critical analysis and annotated bibliography of Old Testament dissertations, 1967-2000', International Bulletin of Missionary Research 28(3), 138. https:// doi.org/10.1177/239693930402800318

Berges, U., 1999, 'Sion als thema in het boek Jesaja. Nieuwe exegetische benadering en theologische gevolgen', *Tijdschrift voor Theologie* 39, 118-138.

Berges, U., 2000, 'Die Zionstheologie des Buches Jesaja', *Estudios Biblicos* 58, 167-198.

Biok, V. & Gremmea, B., 2016., 'Ecological Innovation: Biomimicry as a new way of thinking and acting', *Journal of Agricultural and Environmental Ethics* 29/(2), 203--217. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10806-015-9596-1

Breytenbach, A.P.B., 1996, 'Departement Ou-Testamentiese Wetenskap', in J.S. Bergh & O.J.O. Ferreira e. (reds.), Ad Destinatum III 1983-1992. 'n Geskiedenis van die Universiteit van Pretoria, pp. 125-127, Universiteit van Pretoria, Pretoria.

- Breytenbach, A.P.B. & Le Roux, J.H., 2002, 'Old Testament studies', in F. van der Watt (red.), Ad Destinatum IV 1993–2000. Historical developments and events at the University of Pretoria, pp. 120–122, UP, Pretoria.
- Carr, D.M., 2011, 'Reading into the gap: Refractions of trauma in Israelite prophecy', in B.E. Kelle, F.R. Ames & J.L. Wright (eds.), *Interpreting exile. Displacement and deportation in biblical and modern contexts*, pp. 295–308, Society of Biblical Literature, Atlanta, GA. (Ancient Israel and its Literature 10).
- Carr, D.M., 2014, *Holy resilience. The Bible's traumatic origins*, Yale University Press, New Haven, CT.
- Chayaamor, H. & Hannachi-Belkadi, N. 2017, Towards a platform of investigative tools for Biomimicry as a new approach for effective building design, *Buildings* 7/1, 1–18.

- Dada, A.O., 2010, 'Repositioning contextual biblical hermeneutics in Africa towards holistic empowerment', *Black Theology* 8(2), 160-174. https://doi. org/10.1558/blth.v8i2.160
- Deist, F.E., 1992, 'South African Old Testament studies and the future', *Old Testament Essays* 5, 311-331.
- De Villiers, G., 2004, 'Understanding Gilgamesh His world and his story', Unpublished DLitt, University of Pretoria.
- De Villiers, G., 2006, 'The Epic of Gilgamesh and the Old Testament: Parallels beyond the Deluge', *Old Testament Essays* 19(1), 26-34.
- De Villiers, G., 2016a, 'Israel se identiteit en die Boek Rut', Unpublished PhD dissertation, University of Pretoria.
- De Villiers, G., 2016b, 'On moral and natural evil Genesis 3 and the serpent: The source of all evil? Some reflections from the perspective of ancient Near Eastern mythology', *Vetus Testamentum et Hellas* 3, 45–57, viewed 08 August 2017, from https://ejournals.lib.auth.gr/vteh/article/view/5321
- De Villiers, G. & Le Roux, J.H., 2016, 'The *Book of Ruth* in the time of the Judges and Ruth, the Moabitess', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 37(1), Art. #1587, 1–6. https://doi. org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1587
- De Villiers, G., & Prinsloo, G.T.M., 2004, 'Understanding Gilgamesh His world and his story', *Journal for Semitics* 14(1), 165–181.
- Drogers, A., 1977, 'Africanisation of Christianity, an anthropologist's view', *Missiology* 5(4), 443-456.
- Dube, M.W., 1999, 'Consuming a colonial cultural bomb: Translating Badimo into "Demons" in Setswana Bible (Matthew 8:28-34; 15:22; 10:8)', *Journal for the Study of the New Testament* 73, 33-59. https://doi.org/10.1177/0142064X9902107303
- Farisani, E., 2005, 'A sociological reading of the confrontation between Ahab and Elijah in 1 Kings 21:1-29', *Old Testament Essays* 18(1), 47-60. https://doi. org/10.7833/105-0-169
- Farisani, E., 2010, 'Black biblical hermeneutics and ideologically aware reading of texts', *Scriptura* 105, 507–518
- Frevel, C., 2016, Geschichte Israels, Kohlhammer, Stuttgart.
- Garber, D.G., 2015, 'Trauma theory and biblical studies', *Currents in Biblical Research* 14(1), 24-44. https://doi.org/10.1177/1476993X14561176
- Gathogo, J., 2008, 'The task on African theology on reconstruction', *Swedish Missiological Themes* 96(2), 161-183.
- Geyser A.B. & Breytenbach, A.P.B., 2006, '1 & 2 Kronieke as 'n magsteks', *HTS* 62(2), 473-500. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v62i2.370
- Geyser, A.B. & Van Aarde, A., 1998, 'Sosiale Kruisigingsteks(te) van 11Q Tempel 64.6–13: 'n Ondersoek na Intertekstualiteit', *HTS* 54(1&2), 426–443. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v54i1/2.1417
- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2014a, 'Onderskeid (בין) in die Ou Testament', *HTS* 70, 1-9. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v70i3.2693

- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2014b, 'Crucifixion at Qumran', *HTS Theological Studies* 70, 1-12. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2775
- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2015, 'Hemel en Hel', *HTS Theological Studies* 71(3), 1-7. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i3.3092
- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2016a, 'Exclusive language: The tool to empower and create identity', *Verbum et Ecclessia* 31(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1495
- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2016b, 'Another look at the identity of the "wicked woman" in 4Q184', *HTS Theological Studies* 72(4), 1-9. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v72i4.3484
- Geyser-Fouché, A.B., 2016c, 'Cultural stereotyping of the Lady in 4Q184 and 4Q185', HTS Theological Studies 72(4), 1–6. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.3469
- Groenewald, A., 1996, 'Poëtiese konvensies in 'n jong-babiloniese handopheffingsgebed aan die godin Ištar', Unpublished MA-Thesis, University of Pretoria.
- Groenewald, A., 2003, *Psalm 69: Its structure, redaction and composition,* Lit-Verlag, Munster.
- Groenewald, A., 2004, 'Cult-critical motif in Psalm 69.32 Does it portray an anticultic stance?' in D.J. Human & C.J.A. Vos (eds.), *Psalms and Liturgy*, pp. 62–72, T&T Clark, London.
- Groenewald, A., 2007, 'Changing paradigms: Old Testament scholarship between synchrony and diachrony', in J.H. Le Roux & E. Otto (eds.), *South African perspectives on the Pentateuch between synchrony and diachrony*, pp. 108-123, T&T Clark, New York.
- Groenewald, A., 2009, 'Some notes on writing a commentary: Isaiah 1-12', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 30(1), 65-90. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v30i1.64
- Groenewald, A., 2011a, 'Isaiah 1:2–3, ethics and wisdom. Isaiah 1:2–3 and the Song of Moses (Dt 32): Is Isaiah a prophet like Moses?', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 67(1), Art. #954, 1–6. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v67i1.954
- Groenewald, A., 2011b, 'Isaiah 1:4–9 as a post-exilic reflection', *Journal of Semitic Studies* 20(1), 87–108.
- Groenewald, A., 2012, 'Isaiah 1:2-3 and Isaiah 6: Isaiah "a prophet like Moses" (Dt 18:18)', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. #1311, 1-7. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v68i1.1311
- Groenewald, A., 2013a, 'An exegetical analysis of the vision of peace in the Book of Isaiah (2:1-5)', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 34(2), Art. #866, 1-7. https://doi.org/ 10.4102/ve.v34i2.866
- Groenewald, A., 2013b, 'The significance of תורה (Isa 2:3) within Isaiah 2:1-5: The relationship of the First Overture (1:1-2:5) to the Book's conclusion (Isa 65-66)', Old Testament Essays 26(3), 695-717.
- Grünwaldt, K., 1999, Das Heiligkeitsgesetz Leviticus 17-26. Urspüngliche Gestalt, Tradition und Theologie, De Gruyter, Berlin. (BZAW 271).
- Habel, N., 1995, *The land is mine: Six biblical land ideologies*, Fortress Press, Minneapolis, MN. (Overtures to Biblical Theology).

- Hasel, G., 1972, Old Testament Theology: Basic issues in the current debate, Eerdmans, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Hartenstein, F., 2012, 'JHWH's Wesen im Wandel', *Theologische Literaturzeitung* 137(1), 3-20.
- Hieke, T., 2014a, Levitikus: Erster Teilband: 1-15, Herder, Freiburg. (HTK).

Hieke, T., 2014b, Levitikus: Zweiter Teilband: 16-27, Herder, Freiburg. (HTK).

- Holter, K., 2002, Old Testament research for Africa: A critical analysis and annotated bibliography of African Old Testament dissertations, 1967–2000, Peter Lang, New York.
- Human, D.J., 2002, 'Biblical and religious studies', in F. van der Watt (red.), Ad Destinatum IV (1993-2000). Historical developments and events at the University of Pretoria, 114-116, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Human, D.J. (ed.), 2007, *Psalms and mythology* (JSOTS 482), T & T Clark, London.
- Human, D.J. (ed.), 2012, *Psalmody and Poetry in Old Testament ethics* (LHBOTS 572), T & T Clark, New York.
- Human, D.J. (ed.), 2015, Verbum et Ecclesia 36(3), 2015, viewed 08 August 2017, from www.ve.org.za.
- Human, D.J. (ed.), 2017, 'Life in its fullness', Verbum et Ecclesia 39(2 Suppl 2), i-175.
- Human, D.J. & Steyn, G.J. (eds.), 2010, *Psalms and Hebrews. Studies in Reception* (LHBOTS 527), T & T Clark, New York.
- Human, D.J. & Van der Merwe, J. (reds.), 2013, *Die Ned Geref Kerk en Teologiese Opleiding aan UP (1938–2013)*, Kitskopie, Pretoria.
- Human, D.J. & Vos, C.J.A. (eds.), 2004, *Psalms and Liturgy* (JSOTS 410), T & T Clark, London.
- Kaunda, C.J., 2015, 'The denial of Africa agency: A decolonial theology trials', *Black Theology* 13(1), 73–92. https://doi.org/10.1179/1476994815Z.0000000048
- Kinyua, J., 2015, 'A postcolonial xxamination of Matthew 16:13–23 and related issues in biblical hermeneutics', *Black Theology* 13(1), 4–28. https://doi.org/10. 1179/1476994815Z.0000000044
- Kinyua, J.K., 2013, 'A postcolonial analysis of Bible Translation and its Effectiveness in Shaping and Enhancing the Discourse of Colonialism and the Discourse of Resistance: The Gikuyu New Testament – A case study', *Black Theology* 11(1), 58–95. https://doi.org/10.1179/17431670X13A.0000000004
- Küster, V., 2014, 'Intercultural theology is a must', *International Bulletin of Missionary Research* 38(4), 171–176. https://doi.org/10.1177/239693931403800402
- Le Roux, J., 2009, 'Old Testament studies: The story of a department', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 30(3), Art. #182, 1-9. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v30i3.182
- Le Roux, J.H., 1993, A story of two ways: Thirty years of Old Testament scholarship in South Africa, Verba Vitae, Pretoria.
- Le Roux, J.H., 2012, 'Pro Pent: A project of the study of the Pentateuch in South Africa', *HTS Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. # 1277, 1-10, https://doi10.4102/hts. v68i1.1277

- Le Roux, J.H., 2013, 'Ou Testamentiese studies', in D.J. Human & J. van der Merwe (eds.), *Die Ned Geref Kerk en Teologiese Opleiding aan UP (1938–2013)*, 196–224, Kitskopie, Pretoria.
- Le Roux, J.H. & Otto, E., (eds.), 2007, South African perspectives on the Pentateuch between synchrony and diachrony, T&T Clark, New York.
- Levin, C., 2010, Das Alte Testament, CH Beck, München.
- Maluleke, T.S., 2000, 'Black and Africa theology after apartheid and after the Cold War: An emerging paradigm', *Exchange* 29(3), 193–212. https://doi. org/10.1163/157254300X00148
- Mangayi, L.C., 2014, 'Why do Black African Old Testament scholars not write on Songs of Songs?', *Journal for Semitics* 23(2ii), 823–840.
- Masalha, N., 2012. 'Naji Al Ali, Edward said and civil liberation theology in Palestine: Contextual indigenous and decolonising methodologies', *Holy Land Studies: An Multidisciplinary Journal* 11(2), 109–134. https://doi.org/10.3366/hls.2012.0041
- Masenya (ngwan'a Mphahlele), M., 2004, 'Teaching Western-oriented Old Testament studies to African students: An exercise in Wisdom or Folly?', *Old Testament Essays* 17(3), 455-469.
- Masenya (ngwan'a Mphahlele), M. & Ramantswana, H., 2012, 'Anything new under the sun of South African Old Testament Scholarship? African Qoheleths' Review of OTE 1994-2010', Old Testament Essays 25(3), 598-637.
- Meyer, E.E., 2015, 'South African Old Testament criticism: Squeezed between an ancient text and contemporary contexts', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #2876, 1–7.
- Ngong, D.T., 2009, 'Salvation and Materialism in African Theology', *Studies in World Christianity* 15(1), 1–21. https://doi.org/10.3366/E135499010900032X
- Nihan, C., 2007, *From Priestly Torah to Pentateuch*, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. (FAT II/25)
- Nyende, P., 2009, 'Ethnic studies: An urgent need in theological education in Africa', *International Review of Mission* 98(388), 132–146. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1758-6631.2009.00011.x
- Oberholzer, J.P. (ed.), 2008, *Die Afrikaanse Bybel vir Dowes*, Bybelgenootskap van Suid Afrika, Kemptonpark.
- Oberholzer, J.P., Breytenbach, A.P.B. & Venter, P.M., 1992, 'Departement Ou-Testamentiese Wetenskap', *Hervormde Teologiese Studies* 48, 57–136.
- Oberholzer, J.P., 1992 'Adrianus van Selsms, deeltydse dosent 1938-1962', *Hervormde Teologiese Studies* 48 / 1 & 2, 67-82.
- Oden, T.C., 2007, How Africa shaped the Christian mind: Rediscovering the African Seedbed of Western Christianity, IVP, Downers Grove, IL.
- Otto, E., 2007, Das Gesetz des Mose, WBG, Darmstadt.
- Paustian, M.C., 2014, 'A Real Heaven on their own earth' Religious missions, African writers, and the anticolonial imagination', *Research in African Literatures* 45(2), 1–25. https://doi.org/10.2979/reseafrilite.45.2.1

- Prinsloo, W.S., 1996, 'Departement Ou Testament', in J.S. Bergh & O.J.O. Ferreira (reds.), *Ad Destinatum III 1983-1992, 'n Geskiedenis van die Universiteit van Pretoria*, pp. 142-143, Universiteit van Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Prinsloo, W.S., 2000, *Die lof van my God solank ek lewe (Versamelband)*, Irene, Pretoria, p. 360.
- Punt, J., 2003, 'Postcolonial biblical criticism in South Africa: Some mind mapping and road mapping', *Neotestamentica* 37(1), 58-84.
- Rambo, S., 2010, *Spirit and trauma. A theology of remaining*, Westminster/John Knox, Louisville, KY.
- Rankin, E., 2003, 'Africanising Christian imagery in Southern African missions', *English in Africa* 30(2), 85-100.
- Rautenbach, C.H. (red.), 1960, *Ad Destinatum. Gedenkboek van die Universiteit van Pretoria*, Voortrekkerpers, Johannesburg.
- Schmid, K., 2008, *Literaturgeschichte des Alten Testaments. Eine Einführung*, WBG, Darmstadt.
- Schmid, K., 2011, 'Literaturgeschichte des Alten Testaments. Aufgaben, Stand, Problemfelder und Perspektiven', *Theologische Literaturzeitung* 136(3), 244–262.
- Ska, J.-L., 2006, Introduction to reading the Pentateuch, Eisenbrauns, Winona Lake.
- Snyman, S.D., 2013, 'Some preliminary thoughts on epistemological transformation and the study of the Old Testament,' *Verbum et Ecclesia* 34(2), Art #794, 1-5. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v3412.794
- Spies, F.J du T. & Heydenrych, D.H. (reds.), 1987, 'Fakulteit Teologie', in Ad Destinatum II 1960-1982. 'n Geskiedenis van die Universiteit van Pretoria, pp. 110-125, CTP boekdrukkers, Kaapstad.
- Stendahl, K., 1962, 'Contemporary Biblical theology', in G.A. Buttrick (ed.), *The interpreter's dictionary of the Bible. An illustrated encyclopedia*, pp. 418-432, Abingdon Press, New York.
- Tsai, D.Y., 2014, *Human Rights in Deuteronomy. With a special focus on slave laws*, De Gruyter, Berlin. (BZAW 464).
- Van der Watt, F. (red.), 2002, Ad Destinatum IV (1993–2000). Historical developments and events at the University of Pretoria, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Wa Thiong'o, N., 1998, 'Decolonising the mind', *Diogenes* 46(184), 101–105. https:// doi.org/10.1177/039219219804618409
- Yoshikawa, E., Strimel, G.J. & Bartholomew, S.R., 2017, 'Designing the technological world through biomimicry', *Children's Technology and Engineering* 21(4), 18–22.

- Barton, J. & J. Muddiman (eds.), 2001, *Oxford Bible Commentary*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Baudrillard, J., 1983, *Seduction, culture, texts*, transl. B. Singer, St. Martin's Press, New York.

- Bernstein, R.J., 1991, *The new constellation: The ethical-political horizons of modernity/ postmodernity*, MIT Press, Cambridge, MA.
- Brenner, A., 2000, 'Foreword', in G. Aichele (ed.), *Culture, entertainment and the Bible*, pp. 7–12, Sheffield Academic Press, Sheffield. (Journal for the Study of the Old Testament 309).
- Cho, K., Van Eck, E. & Wepener, C., 2015, 'Paul's community formation in 1 Thessalonians: The creation of symbolic boundaries', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 71(1), Art. #2804. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i1.2804
- Clines, D.J.A., 2005, *The Bible in the modern world*, Phoenix, Sheffield.
- Craffert, P.F., 1998, 'Some prospects for interdisciplinary teaching programmes at UNISA', in C.S. de Beer (ed.), UNISA as distinctive university for our time/ UNISA as eiesoortige universiteit vir ons tyd, pp. 175-201, Unisa, Pretoria.
- Craffert, P.F., 2007, 'New Testament studies: Preventing or promoting a humane society?', *Religion & Theology* 14, 161-205.
- Crook, Z.A., 2014, 'Matthew, memory theory and the New No Quest', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2716. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v70i1.2716
- De Lacoste, G., 1995, 'Gabriel Marcel's body-as-a-subject: A pre-eminently postmodern notion', *Journal of French and Francophone Philosophy* 7(1-2), 69-82.
- De Villiers, G., 2011, 'Andries van Aarde A sideways glance: His theological and hermeneutical contribution to the South African scene', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 67(1), Art. #1033. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v67i1.1033
- Dodd, C.H., 1961, The parables of the kingdom, Charles Scribner's Sons, New York.
- Dube, Z., 2012b, 'The Ethiopian eunuch in transit: A migration theoretical perspective', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 69(1), Art. #2019. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.2019HTS
- Dube, Z., 2012c, 'Casting out demons in Zimbabwe: A coded political posturing', *Exchange* 41(4), 352-363.
- Dube, Z., 2012d, 'Speaking in tongues as emigration: A social-psychological understanding of tongue', *Scriptura* 110, 249–258.
- Dube, Z., 2012e, 'Evicted and marginalised: Violence in Zimbabwe as analogy to a possible social context of Mark 3:22-35', *Journal of Early Christian History* 2(1),), 22-37.
- Dube, Z., 2013a, 'Teaching the Bible at public universities in South Africa: A proposal for multi-disciplinary approach', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 69(1), Art. #1295. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1295
- Dube, Z., 2013b, 'The death and resurrection of Jesus as cultural trauma', *Neotestamentica* 47(1), 107–122.
- Dube, Z., 2013c, 'God send his son: Is salvation meta-narrative a superstructure of gender bias?', *Journal of Religion and Gender in Africa* 19(2), 5-22.
- Dube, Z., 2014a, 'Welcoming outsiders: The nascent Jesus community as a locus of hospitality and equality (Mk 9:33–42, 10:2–16)', *In die Skriflig/In Luce Verbi* 48(1), Art. #1379. https://doi.org/10.4102/ids.v48i1.1379

- Dube, Z., 2014b, 'The discursive cultural representation of the Gentiles: A contextual approach using migration theory', *In die Skriflig/In Luce Verbi* 48(1), Art. #1380. https://doi.org/10.4102/ids.v48i1.1380
- Dube, Z., 2015a, 'The use of Biblical themes in the debate concerning the xenophobic attacks in South Africa', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(1), Art. #1464. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i1.1464
- Dube, Z., 2015b, 'The statue debate: Ancestors and "mnemonic energy" in Paul and now', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #3035. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i3.3035
- Dube, Z., 2015c, 'Contesting history and identity formation in Paul and in South Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(1), Art. #3011. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i1.3011
- Dube, Z., 2015d, 'Jesus and Afro-pentecostal prophets: Dynamics within the liminal space in Galilea and in Zimbabwe', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(1), Art. #2748. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i1.2748
- Dube, Z., 2016a, 'Strengthening the Ubuntu social canopy after the Afrophobic attacks', Verbum et Ecclesia 37(1), Art. #1461. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1461
- Dube, Z., 2016b, 'The African women theologians' contribution towards the discussion about alternative masculinities', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 37(2), Art. #1577. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i2.1577
- Dube, Z., 2016c, 'Abraham and Jesus as ancient migrants: A migration perspective', *Perichoresis* 14(1), 63-74.
- Dube, Z., 2016d, 'Discursive investigation into John's internalised spirit identity and its implication', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(1), Art. #3113. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i1.3113.https://soi.org/
- Farisani, E., 2010, 'Black biblical hermeneutics and ideologically aware reading of texts', *Scriptura* 105, 507–518.
- Frye, N., 1982, *The great code: The Bible and literature*, Ark Paperbacks, London.
- Fukuyama, F., 1989, 'The end of history', The National Interest 16, 3-18.
- Giddens, A., 1990, The consequences of modernity, Polity Press, Cambridge.
- Graf, F.W., 2004, *Die Wiederkehr der Götter: Religion in der modernen Kultur*, CH Beck, Munich., KY
- Held, D., 1996, 'The development of the modern state', in S. Hall & D. Held (eds.), Modernity: An introduction to modern societies, pp. 55-84, Blackwell, Oxford.
- Hurtado, L.W., 2009, 'New Testament studies in the 20th century', *Religion* 39(1), 43–57. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.religion.2008.03.006
- Human, D.J. & Steyn, G.J. (eds.), 2010, *Psalms and Hebrews: Studies in reception*, T&T Clark, London. (Library of Biblical Studies 527)
- Jackson, G.S., 2011, 'Seeing the world through the eyes of Andries van Aarde: Radical inclusivity', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 67(1), Art. #872. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v67i1.872
- Jones, R.J. & Van Eck, E., 2010, 'Die vorming van 'n eietydse ampsbegrip: Jesus se oproep tot dissipelskap', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 66(1), Art. #878. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v66i1.878

Jülicher, A., 1888, Die Gleichnisreden Jesu, Mohr, Tübingen.

- Kloppenborg, J.S., 2014, *Synoptic problems: Collected essays*, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 329).
- Kok, J., 2010, 'The new perspective(s) on Paul and its implication for ethics and mission', *Acta Patristica et Byzantina* 21(1), 3–17.
- Kok, J., 2011, 'Mission and ethics in Galatians', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 67(1), Art. #896. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v67i1.896
- Kok, J., 2012a, 'Mission and ethics in 1 Corinthians: Reconciliation, corporate solidarity and other-regard as missionary strategy in Paul', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. #1222. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v68i1.1222
- Kok, J., 2012b, 'Die etiek van sending as anti-Kyriargale bemagtiging en liefdesdiens: 'n Fokus op 1 Tessalonisense en mag of bemagtiging', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 68(1), #Art. 1170. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v68i1.1170
- Kok, J., 2012c, 'The healing of the blind man in John', *Journal of Early Christian History* 2(2), 36–62.
- Kok, J., 2013, 'A comparison between James and Philodemus on moral exhortation, communal confession and correctio fraterna', HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological 69(1), Art. #1927. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1927
- Kok, J., 2014, 'Social identity complexity theory as heuristic tool in New Testament Studies', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 70(1), Art. #2708. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2708
- Kok, J., 2015a, 'The radicality of early Christian oikodome: A theology that edifies insiders and outsiders', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(3), Art. #1441. https://doi. org/10.4102/ve.v36i3.1441
- Kok, J., 2015b, 'The plenipotentiary idea as *Leitmotiv* in John's Gospel', *In die Skriflig/In Luce Verbi* 49(2), Art. #1923. https://doi.org/10.4102/ids.v49i2.1923
- Kok, J., 2016, 'Why (suffering) women matter for the heart of transformative missional theology perspectives on empowered women and mission in the New Testament and early Christianity', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(4), Art. #3519. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.3519
- Kok, J., & Maqoma, W.P., 2016, 'The *imago Dei Weltanschauung* as narrative motif within the Corinthian correspondence', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 37(1), Art. #1493. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1493
- Kok, J., Nicklas, T., Roth, D.T. & Hays, C.M. (eds.), 2014a, Sensitivity towards outsiders: Exploring the dynamic relationship between mission and ethics in the New Testament and early Christianity, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 2/364).
- Kok, J., Nicklas, T., Roth, D.T. & Hays, C.M. (eds.), 2014b, *Insiders versus outsiders: Exploring the dynamic relationship between mission and ethos in the New Testament*, Gorgias Press, Piscataway. [Perspectives on Philosophy and Religious thought 14]
- Kok, J. & Niemandt, C.J.P., 2009, '(Re)discovering a missional-incarnational ethos', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 65(1), Art. #274. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v65i1.274

- Kotzee, A.E.D., 2016, 'Die huwelik as kulturele konstruk', MTh mini-dissertation, Department of New Testament Studies, University of Pretoria.
- Kwok, P.-L., 2005, *Postcolonial imagination and feminist theology*, WJK, Louisville, KY.
- Lategan, B.C., 2009, "Quo vadis" New Testament studies?', Scriptura 100, 30-38.
- Le Roux, J.H., 2011, 'Andries van Aarde as historical Jesus scholar', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 67(1), Art. #1000. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v67i1.1000
- Louis, R.C., 1976, *The philosophy of Gabriel Marcel: A re-evaluation*, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI.
- Mabinja, S.M.M., 2016, 'Jesus and the poor in the Synoptic Gospels applied to the De Doorns community', MPhil mini-dissertation, Department of New Testament Studies, University of Pretoria.
- MacDonald, D.K. & Van Eck, E., 2016, 'Witnesses to the truth: Mark's point of view', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(1), Art. #3350. https://doi. org/10.1402/hts.v72i1.3350
- Masenya, M. & Ramatswana, H., 2015, 'Anything new under the sun of African Biblical Hermeneutics in South African Old Testament scholarship?: Incarnation, death and resurrection of the Word in Africa', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(1), Art. #1353. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i1.1353
- Mathews, S.H. & Van Eck, E., 2013, 'Fasting, justification, and self-righteousness in Luke 18:9–14: A social scientific interpretation as response to Friedrichson', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 69(1), Art. #1957. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1957
- Mbiti, J.S., 1986, *Bible and theology in African Christianity*, Oxford University Press, Nairobi.
- Meeks, W.A., 2005, 'Why study the New Testament?', *New Testament Studies* 51(2), 155–170. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0028688505000093
- Micklethwait, J. & Wooldridge, A., 2009, *God is back: How the global rise of faith is challenging the world*, Allen Lane, London.
- Nyiawung, M.D. & Van Eck, E., 2013, 'An African hermeneutic reading of Luke 9:18–22 in relation to conflict and leadership in pastoral ministry', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 69(1) Art. #1201. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1201
- Oduyoye, M.A., 2001, *Introducing African women's theology*, Sheffield Academic Press, Sheffield.
- Oxton, S., 2011, 'Die gelykenis van die oneerlike bestuurder (Luk 16:1-8a): 'n Sosiaalwetenskaplike interpretasie', MDiv mini-dissertation, Department of New Testament Studies, University of Pretoria.
- Pilch, J.J., 1989, 'Your Abba is not your Daddy', Modern Liturgy 16(1), 26.
- Punt, J., 2016, 'A cultural turn in New Testament studies?', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 72(4), Art. #3213. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.3213
- Siame, L., 2015, 'The golden Jubilee year: Luke 4:16–30 amidst poverty in Zambia', MTh mini-dissertation, Faculty of Humanities, University of Pretoria.

- Snyman, G., 2011, 'Empire and a hermeneutic of vulnerability', *Studia Historiae Ecclesiasticae* 37, 1-20.
- Speckman, M.T., 2007, A Biblical vision for Africa's development?, Cluster Publications, Pietermaritzburg.
- Speckman, M.T., 2014a, 'Jesus and the *tyche* of Jerusalem: A reflection on the mission of Jesus in Luke 19:41-44 with special reference to the mission of *kairos* in Greek mythology', *Missionalia* 42(3), 168-191.
- Speckman, M.T., 2014b, 'Student leadership and advocacy for social cohesion: A South African perspective', African Journal on Conflict Resolution 15(3), 61–84.
- Speckman, M.T., 2016a, 'A kairos for the lowly?: Reflections on Luke's story of a rejected fortune or tyche and lessons for South Africa'', Verbum et Ecclesia 37(1), Art. #1550. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1550
- Speckman, M.T., 2016b, 'Bible subversion: An ideology critique of the manner and motif behind the use of scriptures by politicians', HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies 72(1), Art. #3185. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i1.3185
- Speckman, M.T., 2016c, 'Development, the Bible and the role of the African Church', in I.A. Phiri, D. Werner, C. Kaunda & K. Owino (eds.), Anthology of African Christianity, pp. 1085–1092, Regnum Books, Oxford.
- Speckman, M.T., 2016d, 'African Biblical hermeneutics on the threshold?: Appraisal and way forward', *Acta Theologica Supplement* 24, 204–224.
- Stewart, E., 2015, 'Sending a boy to do a man's job: Hegemonic masculinity and the "boy" Jesus in the Infancy Gospel of Thomas', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 71(1), Art. #2817. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i1.2817
- Steyn, G.J., 2000, 'A quest for the Vorlage of the Song of Moses (Dt 32) quotations in Hebrews', *Neotestamentica* 34(2), 263–272.
- Steyn, G.J., 2001, 'Jesus-sayings in Hebrews', *Ephemerides Theologicae Lovanienses* 77(4), 433-440. https://doi.org/10.2143/ETL.77.4.577
- Steyn, G.J., 2002, 'The Vorlage of the Melchizedek phrases in Heb 7:1-4', *Acta Patristica et Byzantina* 13, 207-223.
- Steyn, G.J., 2003a, 'Some observations about the Vorlage of Ps 8,5-7 in Heb 2,6-8', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 24(2), 493-514.
- Steyn, G.J., 2003b, 'Psalm 2 in Hebrews', Neotestamentica 37(2), 262–282.
- Steyn, G.J., 2003c, 'Addressing an angelomorphic christological myth in Hebrews?', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 59(4), 1107-1128.
- Steyn, G.J., 2004, 'The Vorlage of Ps 45:6-7(44:7-8) in Heb 1:8-9', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 60(3), 1085-1103. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v60i3.601
- Steyn, G.J., 2005, 'A framework for reconciliation in the General Epistles', in J.G. van der Watt, D., Human & G.J. Steyn (eds.), *Friendship and love where there were none: Biblical perspectives on reconciliation*, pp. 123–134, ISWEN, Pretoria.
- Steyn, G.J., 2006a, 'Torah quotations common to Philo, Hebrews, Clemens Romanus and Justin Martyr: What is the common denominator?', in C. Breytenbach, J.C. Thom & J. Punt (eds.), *The New Testament interpreted: Essays in honour*

of Bernard C. Lategan, pp. 135-151, EJ Brill, Leiden. [Supplements to Novum Testamentum 124]

- Steyn, G.J., 2006b, 'The occurrence of Ps 118(117):6 in Hebrews 13:6: Possible liturgical origins', *Neotestamentica* 40(1), 119-134.
- Steyn, G.J., 2007, 'Deuteronomy in Hebrews', in S. Moyise & M.M.J. Menken (eds.), *Deuteronomy in the New Testament*, pp. 152-168, T&T Clark, London.
- Steyn, G.J., 2009a, 'Notes on Ps 101 (LXX) and Ps 103 (LXX) in Hebrews 1 in the light of evidence from the Dead Sea Scrolls and Papyrus Bodmer XXIV', *Acta Patristica et Byzantina* 20, 384–406.
- Steyn, G.J., 2009b, 'Quotations from the Minor Prophets in Hebrews', in J. Cook (ed.), *Septuagint and reception: Essays prepared for the Association for the Study of the Septuagint in South Africa*, pp. 119–140, Brill, Leiden. (Supplements to the Vetus Testamentum 127).
- Steyn, G.J., 2009c, 'Septuagint terminology as Christian concepts in Hebrews', *Journal for Semitics* 18(2), 583–607.
- Steyn, G.J., 2010a, 'Comparing manuscripts with manuscripts: Thoughts on the compilation of a synopsis of textual variants of the Old Testament quotations in the New Testament', in M. Karrer, S. Kreuzer & M. Sigismund (eds.), Von der Septuaginta zum Neuen Testament: Textgeschichtliche Eröterungen, pp. 211–226, De Gruyter, Berlin.
- Steyn, G.J., 2010b, 'Two New Testament papyri on the quotations in Hebrews and their possible value in the reconstruction of LXX texts', in W. Kraus & M. Karrer (eds.), *Die Septuaginta:Texte, Theologien, Einflüsse*, pp. 238–255, Mohr, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 252).
- Steyn, G.J., 2010c, 'The reception of Ps 95 in Hebrews 3-4', in D.J. Human & G.J. Steyn (eds.), *Psalms and Hebrews: Studies in reception*, pp. 194–228, T&T Clark, London. (Library of Biblical Studies 527).
- Steyn, G.J., 2010d, 'Some possible intertextual influences from the Jewish Scriptures on the (moral) language of Hebrews', in J.G. Van der Watt & R. Zimmermann (eds.), *Moral language in the New Testament*, pp. 311-329, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 296).
- Steyn, G.J., 2011a, A quest for the assumed Septuagint Vorlage of the explicit quotations in Hebrews, Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht, Göttingen. [Forschungen zur Religion und Literatur des Alten und Neuen Testaments 235]
- Steyn, G.J., 2011b, "On earth as it is in heaven ...": The heavenly sanctuary motif in Heb 8:5 and its textual connection with the "shadowy copy" of LXX Exod 25:40', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 67(1), Art. #885. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v67i1.885
- Steyn, G.J., 2011c, 'The eschatology of Hebrews as understood within a cultic setting', in J. Frey & J.G. Van der Watt (eds.), *Eschatology of the New Testament* and some related documents, pp. 429-450, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 315).
- Steyn, G.J., 2011d, 'Hebrews' angelology in the light of early Jewish apocalyptic imagery', *Acta Patristica et Byzantina 21/Journal of Early Christian History* 1, 143–164.

- Steyn, G.J., 2012a, 'Can we reconstruct an early text form of the LXX from the quotations of Philo of Alexandria and the New Testament?: Torah quotations overlapping between Philo and Galatians as a test case', in S. Kreuzer, M. Meiser & M. Sigismund (eds.), *Die Septuaginta III: Entstehung, sprache, geschichte (LXX-conference Wuppertal 2010)*, pp. 444-464, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. [Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament 286]
- Steyn, G.J., 2012b, 'The text form of the Isaiah quotations in the Sondergut Mattäus compared to the Dead Sea Scrolls, Masoretic Text and LXX', in J. Cook & H.-J. Stipp (eds.), Text-critical and hermeneutical studies in the Septuagint, pp. 427-446, Brill, Leiden. (Supplements to the Vetus Testamentum 157)
- Steyn, G.J., 2013a, 'Novi Testamenti Interpretatione in Pretoria: 'n Kort geskiedenis van die Departement Nuwe Testamentiese Wetenskap aan die Universiteit van Pretoria', in D.J. Human & J. van der Merwe (eds.), *Die geskiedenis van die Teologiese Fakulteit aan Pretoria*, pp. 180-195, Kitskopie, Pretoria.
- Steyn, G.J., 2013b, 'The text form of the Torah quotations common to the Corpus Philonicum and Paul's Corinthian correspondence', in B. Koet, S. Moyise & J. Verheyden (eds.), The scriptures of Israel in Jewish and Christian Tradition: Essays in honour of Maarten J. J. Menken, pp. 193–210, Brill, Leiden.
- Steyn, G.J., 2013c, 'A comparison of the Septuagint textual form in the Torah quotations common to Philo of Alexandria and the Gospels of Mark and Matthew', *Journal of Septuagint and Cognate Studies* 45, 1-10.
- Steyn, G.J., 2013d, 'Torah quotations common to Philo of Alexandria and the Acts of the Apostles', *Acta Theologica* 33(2), 164–181.
- Steyn, G.J., 2013e, 'Jesus as expected governor of Juda', in B. Estrada, E. Manicardi & A. Puig i Tarrech (eds.), Vangeli: Storia e Cristologia. La ricerca di Joseph Ratzinger – Benedetto XVI, vol. 2, pp. 85–102, Libreria Editrice Vaticana, Rome.
- Steyn, G.J., 2014a, 'Quotations from scripture and the compilation of Hebrews in an oral world', *Journal of Early Christian History* 3, 68–87.
- Steyn, G.J., 2014b, 'Moses as ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ (Therapōn) in Heb 3:5-6: Portrait of a cultic prophet-priest in Egypt?', *Journal of North-West Semitic Languages* 40(2), 113-125.
- Steyn, G.J., 2015a, 'The text form of LXX Genesis 28:12 by Philo of Alexandria and in the Jesus-logion of John 1:51', *In die Skriflig* 49(2), 1–7.
- Steyn, G.J., 2015b, 'Observations on the text form of the Minor Prophet quotations in Romans 9–11', *Journal for the Study of the New Testament* 38(1), 49–67.
- Steyn, G.J., 2015c, "Retrodiction" of the Old Testament in the New: The case of Deut 21:23 in Paul's Letter to the Galatians and the crucifixion of Yehoshua ben Yoseph', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #3091. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i3.3091
- Steyn, G.J., 2015d, 'Revisiting Hapax Legomena in Ad Hebraeos: With special reference to Heb 4:12-13', in M. Nel, J.G. van der Watt & F.J. van Rensburg (eds.), *The New Testament in the Graeco-Roman World: Articles in Honour of Abe Malherbe*, pp. 117-143, Lit-Verlag, Muenster. (Theology in Africa 4).
- Steyn, G.J., 2015e 'The Maccabean literature and Hebrews: Some intertextual observations', *Journal for Semitics* 24(1), 271-291.

- Steyn, G.J., 2016a, 'Dodekapropheton quotations in Matthew's Gospel', in W. Kraus, M.N. van der Meer & M. Meiser (eds.), XV Congress of the International Organization for Septuagint and Cognate Studies, Munich 2013, pp. 741-762, SBL Press, Atlanta, GA.
- Steyn, G.J., 2016b, 'Hebrews in an Egyptian settings?', in R. Burnet, D. Luciani & G. Van Oyen (eds.), *The Epistle to the Hebrews: Writing at the borders*, pp. 103-122, Peeters Press, Leuven. (Contributions to Biblical Exegesis & Theology 85).
- Steyn, G.J., 2016cc, 'Crossing the border: "Let us go outside the camp ..." (Heb 13:13)', in A. Weisenrieder (ed.), *Borders: Terms, performances and ideologies*, pp. 337-357, Mohr-Siebeck, Tübingen. (Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen Zum Neuen Testament 366).
- Steyn, G.J., 2016dd, 'The importance of the Dead Sea Scrolls for the study of the explicit quotations in Ad Hebraeos', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(4), Art. #3410. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.3410
- Sugirtharajah, R.S., 2002, *Postcolonial criticism and Biblical interpretation*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Sugirtharajah, R.S., 2003, *Postcolonial reconfigurations: An alternative way of reading the Bible and doing theology*, SCM, London.
- Taylor, C., 2007, A secular age, Belknap Press, Cambridge, MA.
- Tracy, D., 1981, *The analogical imagination: Christian theology and the culture of pluralism*, The Crossroad Publishing Company, New York, NY.
- Tracy, D., 1987, *Plurality and ambiguity: Hermeneutics, religion, hope*, Harper & Row, San Francisco, CA.
- Tuckett, C.M., 2014, 'What is "New Testament Study: The New Testament and early Christianity', *New Testament Studies* 60(2), 157–184. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0028688513000416
- Van der Watt, J., Du Toit, A. & Joubert, S., 2009, 'The Department of New Testament Studies (Dutch Reformed Church) 1938–2008', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 30(3), Art. #181, 1–6. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v30i3.181
- Van Eck, E., 1986, 'Die funksie van ruimte in die narratologie', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 42(3), 339–349. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v42i2.2163
- Van Eck, E., 1988, 'Galilea en Jerusalem as narratologiese ruimtes in die Markusevangelie: 'n Kontinuering van die Lohmeyer-Lightfoot-Marxsen ketting', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 44(1), 139–163. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v44i1.2192
- Van Eck, E., 1991a, 'Die ideologiese funksie van ruimte in die Markusvertelling: 'n Verkenning', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 47(4), 1-24.
- Van Eck, E., 1991b, "n Sosiaal-wetenskaplike ondersoek na die "amp" van die ouderling in die Nuwe-Testament', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 47(3), 656–684.
- Van Eck, E., 1995a, *Galilee and Jerusalem in Mark's story of Jesus: A narratological and social-scientific reading.* (HTS Supplementum 7).

- Van Eck, E., 1995b, 'Maaltye as seremonies in die Markusevangelie: 'n Sleutel om J.H.J.A. Greyvenstein en A.S. Geyser se denke oor die Nederduitsch Hervormde Kerk van Afrika as volkskerk te evalueer', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 51(4), 1114–1126.
- Van Eck, E., 1996, 'The baptism of Jesus in Mark: A status transformation ritual', *Neotestamentica* 30(1), 187–216.
- Van Eck, E., 2000, 'A Sitz for the gospel of Mark?: A critical reaction to Bauckham's theory on the universality of the gospels', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 56(4), 973–1008. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v56i4.1802
- Van Eck, E., 2005, 'The Word is life: African theology as Biblical and contextual theology', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 62(2), 679-701.
- Van Eck, E., 2007a, 'Die huwelik in die eerste-eeuse Mediterreense wêreld (I): Vroue in 'n man se wêreld', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 63(1), 81–101.
- Van Eck, E., 2007b, 'Die huwelik in die eerste-eeuse Mediterreense wêreld (II): Huwelik, egbreuk, egskeiding en hertrou', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 63(1), 103-128.
- Van Eck, E., 2007c, 'Die huwelik in die eerste-eeuse Mediterreense wêreld (III): Jesus en die Huwelik', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 63(2), 481-513. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v64i3.82
- Van Eck, E., 2009a, 'Interpreting the parables of the Galilean Jesus: A socialscientific approach', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 65(1) Art. #308. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v65i1.308
- Van Eck, E., 2009b, 'When patrons are not patrons: A social-scientific reading of the rich man and Lazarus (Lk 16:19–26)', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 65(1), Art. #309. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v65i1.309
- Van Eck, E., 2010, 'Die pastor se hantering van trauma na analogie van Jesus se helings en eksorsismes', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 31(1), Art. #416. https://doi. org/10.1402/ve.v31i1.416
- Van Eck, E., 2011a, 'A prophet of old: Jesus the "public theologian", in H. Bedford-Strohm & E. de Villiers (eds.), *Prophetic witness: An appropriate contemporary mode of public discourse?*, pp. 47-74, LIT Verlag GmbH & Co. KG Wien, Zürich. (Theologie in Der Öffentlichkeit 1).
- Van Eck, E., 2011b, 'Social memory and identity: Luke 19:12b–24 and 27', *Biblical Theology Bulletin: A Journal of Bible and Theology* 41(4), 201–212.
- Van Eck, E., 2012a, 'Eschatology and kingdom in Mark', in J.G. van der Watt (ed.), Eschatology in the New Testament and some related documents, pp. 64–90, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. [Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen Zum Neuen Testament 315]
- Van Eck, E., 2012b, 'Invitations and excuses that are not invitations and excuses: Gossip in Luke 14:18–20', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. #1243. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v68i1.1243

- Van Eck, E., 2014a, 'Mission, identity, and ethics in Mark: Jesus, the patron for outsiders', in J. Kok, T. Nicklas, D.T. Roth & C.M. Hays (eds.), *Sensitivity towards outsiders*, pp. 101-132, Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen. [Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen Zum Neuen Testament 364]
- Van Eck, E., 2014b, 'Inclusivity as the essential nature of the gospel', in J. Kok & J.A. Dunne (eds.), *Insiders versus outsiders: Exploring the dynamic relationship between mission and ethos in the New Testament*, pp. 57-88, Gorgias Press, Piscataway. (Perspectives on philosophy and religious thought 14).
- Van Eck, E., 2015a, 'Gelykenisse van Jesus: Allegorieë of simbole van sosiale transformasie?' *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #3030. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i3.3030
- Van Eck, E., 2015b, 'When an outsider becomes an insider: A social-scientific and realistic reading of the merchant (Mt 13:45-46)', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #2859. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v71i3.2859
- Van Eck, E., 2015c, 'Honour and debt release in the parable of the Unmerciful Servant (Mt 18:23-33): A social-scientific and realistic reading', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(1), Art. #2838. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v71i1.2838
- Van Eck, E., 2016. *The parables of Jesus the Galilean: Stories of a social prophet,* Cascade Books, Eugene. (Matrix: The Bible in Mediterranean context).
- Van Eck, E. & Ekyarikunda, E.M., 2016, 'Luther and the Law in the Lutheran Church of Uganda', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(1), Art. #3251. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i1.3251
- Van Eck, E. & Mashinini, M.M., 2016, 'The parables of Jesus as critique on food security systems for vulnerable households in urban townships', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(3), Art. #3252. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v72i3.325
- Van Eck, E., Renkin, W. & Ntakirutimana, E., 2016, 'The parable of the feast (Lk. 14:16b-23): Breaking down boundaries and discerning a theological-spatial justice agenda', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(1), Art. #3512. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i1.3512
- Van Eck, E. & Van Aarde, A.G., 1989, 'A narratological analysis of Mark 12:1-12: The plot of the Gospel of Mark in a nutshell', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 45(3), 778-800.
- Van Eck, E. & Van Aarde, A.G., 1993, 'Sickness and healing in Mark: A social scientific interpretation', *Neotestamentica* 27(1), 27-54.
- Van Zyl, T.J., 2012, 'The coming of a kingdom: A social-scientific reading of the parable of the unjust steward in Luke 16:1-8a: An eschatological perspective', MDiv mini-dissertation, Department of New Testament Studies, University of Pretoria.
- West, G.O., 2011, 'Do two walk together?: Walking with the other through contextual Bible study', *Anglican Theological Review* 93(3), 431-449.

- Boeve, L., 2010, 'The enduring significance and relevance of Edward Schillebeeckx?: Introducing the state of the question in medias res', in L. Boeve, F. Depoortere, & S. van Erp (eds.), *Edward Schillebeeckx and contemporary theology*, pp. 1–25, T&T Clark, London.
- Buitendag, J., 2008, 'Binne of buite die blokkie?: 'n Poging om iets oor tyd en ewigheid te sê', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 29(2), 320-344. Conrad Wethmar Festschrift. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v29i2.18
- Buitendag, J., 2012a, 'Die noodsaaklikheid van habitat in ons definisie van menswees: Op soek na 'n eko-teologiese verstaan van menslike lewe', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. #1283, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts. v68i1.1283
- Buitendag, J., 2012b, 'A conversational reflection on Luco van den Brom's understanding of time and space', *Kerk en Theologie* 64, 136-146.
- Buitendag, J., 2012c, 'Epistemology, ontology and reciprocity: Strangers and Pilgrims on Earth', in E. van der Borght & P. van Geest (eds.), pp. 779–795, Brill, Leiden. (*Studies in Reformed theology*, vol. 22)
- Buitendag, J., 2012d, 'Is die ortodoksie se verstaan van die sondeval belemmerend vir die gesprek tussen teologie en natuurwetenskap?' In die Skriflig/In Luce Verbi 46(1), Art. #41, 1–10. https://doi.org/10.4102/ids. v46i1.41
- Buitendag, J., 2013, 'Gaan na die mier, kyk na sy weë en word wys: Metafoor of paradigma?', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 69(1), Art. #1976, 9 pages. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1976
- Buitendag, J., 2014a, 'Between the Scylla and the Charybdis: Theological education in the 21st century in Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2855, 1-5. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2855
- Buitendag, J., 2014b, 'Panenteïsme as 'n funksionele, induktiewe konstruk in die gesprek tussen die teologie en die (natuur)wetenskap', Verbum et Ecclesia 35(2), Art. #879, 1-11. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v35i2.879
- Cooper, N., 1970, 'Two concepts of morality', in G. Wallace & A.D.M. Walker (eds.), *The definition of morality*, pp. 72–90, Methuen & Co., London.
- Fourie, W., 2011a, 'Het kerke 'n publieke rol in 'n pluralistiese Suid-Afrika?', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 32(1), Art. #503, 1-6. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v32i1.503
- Fourie, W., 2011b, 'Can we still be Reformed?: A reflection on the Reformed tradition and South Africa's modernity', *Dutch Reformed Theological Journal* 52(3&4), 364-372.
- Fourie, W., 2012a, Communicative freedom: Wolfgang Huber's theological proposal, LIT Verlag, Münster.
- Fourie, W., 2012b, 'Can public theology be practised beyond the state?', *International Journal of Public Theology* 6, 292–305. https://doi.org/10.1163/15697320-12341236
- Fourie, W., 2012c, 'Can Christian ethics be used to engage business?: A (South) African consideration', *Acta Theologica* 32(1), 46–60. https://doi.org/10.4314/ actat.v32i1.3

- Fourie, W., 2014, 'Von der Freiheit eines Christenmenschen: Eine südafrikanische Interpretation von Freiheit in der Theologie Wolfgang Hubers', in H. Bedford-Strohm, P. Nolte & R. Sachau (eds.), Kommunikative Freiheit: Interdisziplinäre Diskurse mit Wolfgang Huber, pp. 150–174, Evangelische Verlagsanstalt, Leipzig.
- Fourie, W., 2015, 'Four concepts of Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), Art. #2847, 1–10. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v71i3.2847
- Fourie, W., 2016, 'Innovation or impediment?: On morality and development', in N.O. Agola & A. Hunter (eds.), *Inclusive innovation for sustainable development*, pp. 175– 193, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke, UK. https://doi.org/10.1057/978-1-137-60168-1_9
- Habermas, J., 2001, *The postnational constellation: Political essays, transl. M. Pensky*, Polity Press, Cambridge.
- Habermas, J., 2013, *The crisis of the European Union: A response*, Polity Press, Cambridge.
- Hume, D. (ed.), 1896, *A treatise of human nature*, L.A. Selby-Bigge, Clarendon Press, Oxford.
- Kant, I., 2002, *Groundwork for the metaphysics of morals*, ed. and transl. A.W. Wood, Yale University Press, New Haven, CT.
- Kearney, R., 2010, Anatheism, Colombia University Press, New York, NY.
- Koekemoer, J., 1992, 'Dogmatiek en Christelike etiek binne die Fakulteit Teologie (Afd A) van die Universiteit van Pretoria', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 48(1/2), 315-328. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v48i1/2.2401
- Mill, J.S., 1963, 'Utilitarianism', in M. Robson (ed.), Collected works of John Stuart Mill, pp. 203-259, University of Toronto Press, Toronto.
- Moltmann, J., 2013, 'Political theology in ecumenical contexts', in F. Schüssler Fiorenza,
 K. Tanner & M. Welker (eds.), *Political theology: Contemporary challenges and future directions*, pp. 1–12, Westminister John Knox Press, Louisville, KY.
- Mudimbe, V.Y., 1988, *The invention of Africa: Gnosis, philosophy, and the order of knowledge*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, IN.
- Mudimbe, V.Y., 1994, The idea of Africa, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, IN.
- Oberholzer, J.P.,1992, 'Terugblikke op die Fakulteit Teologie (Afd A), Universiteit van Pretoria, en sy lede: 'n Literatuurverkenning', *HTS Theological Studies/ Teologiese Studies* 4S/3A4, 575-584.
- Schillebeeckx, E., 1982, *Interim report on the books Jesus & Christ*, transl. J. Bowden, The Crossroad Publishing Company, New York, NY.
- Searle, J.R., 1995, The construction of social reality, The Free Press, New York, NY.
- Tuomela, R., 2007, *The philosophy of sociality: The shared point of view*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Ungerer, A., 2015, 'Reformed Theological College Volume, dedicated to Dr Christo van der Merwe', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 71(3), e1–e8. https://doi.org/10.4102/HTS.V71I.3144
- Van Aarde, A.G. & Van Wyk, T., 2014, 'Teologie as werklikheidsverstaan anders dink, anders doen: Aantekeninge oor die teologie van Johan Buitendag', *HTS*

Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 70(1), Art. #2823, 1-14. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2823

- Van der Merwe, P., 2000, 'Prof. Dr J H Koekemoer as kerkman en akademikus', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 56(2/3), 335–351. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v56i2/3.1731
- Van der Merwe, J. & Vos, C. (eds.), 2009, 'The history of the Faculty of Theology at the University of Pretoria: A Dutch Reformed perspective 1938–2008', *Verbum et Ecclesia* #132, viewed 21 July 2016, from http://www.ve.org.za
- Van Wyk, T., 2012, 'Kerk-wees in die saeculum vandag, Deel 1: Eenheid te midde van veelheid', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. #1281, 1–9. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts.v68i1.1281.
- Van Wyk, T., 2013a, 'Kerk as heterotopiese ruimte: 'n Trinitariese model vir die derde millennium', PhD-proefskrif, Departement Dogmatiek en Christelike Etiek, Universiteit van Pretoria.
- Van Wyk, T., 2013b, 'Om saam te weet en dan te luister: Edward Schillebeeckx se begrip *Deus Humanissimus* as die kerk se gewete', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological studies* 69 (1), Art.#1983, 1-10. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1983
- Van Wyk, T., 2014, 'Church as heterotopia', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2684, 1–7. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts.v70i1.2684
- Van Wyk, T., 2015, 'Political theology as critical theology', HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies 71(3), Art. #3026, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts. v71i3.3026
- Van Wyk, T. & Buitendag, J., 2008, 'Die dimensies "eenheid" en "katolisiteit" in die ekklesiologie van die Nederduitsch Hervormde Kerk sedert Ottawa 1982', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 64(3), 1447-1473. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v64i3.107
- Van Wyk, T. & Buitendag, J., 2010, 'Die eenheid van die kerk in gedrang', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 66(1), Article #908, 1-9. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v66i1.908
- Van Wyk, T. & Buitendag, J., 2011a, 'Die NHKA op reis na inklusiwiteit (1): Die anatomie van 'n gefragmenteerde/eskatologiese ekklesiologie', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 67 (3), Article #1164, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts.v67i3.1164
- Van Wyk, T. & Buitendag, J., 2011b, 'Die NHKA op reis na inklusiwiteit (2): 'n Holistiese teo-antropologie as voorwaarde vir ekklesiologie', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 67(3), Article #1173, 1–10. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts.v67i3.1173.
- Veldsman, D., 2008, "Nie waar nie?" Opmerkinge oor geloofservaring, dogma en die (eskatologiese) aard van teologiese besinning', Verbum et Ecclesia 29(2), 526-541, https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v29i2.47
- Veldsman, D., 2013a, 'In vriendskap met Darwin in die Christelike ontwerp van 'n antropologie', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 69(1), 1–10. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v69i1.1374

- Veldsman, D., 2013b, 'Diep snydende vrae, met antwoorde gebore uit weerloosheid: Na aanleiding van Jurie le Roux se "spirituele empatie", *Verbum et Ecclesia* 34(2), 1-7. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v34i2.786
- Veldsman, D., 2013c, 'The bio-century challenge: Life in a holistic context. In conversation with Cornel du Toit', *Studia Historiae Ecclesiastica* XXXIX(suppl.), 23-38.
- Veldsman, D., 2013d, 'On emergence and eschatology: Something has to give', in C. Du Toit, (ed.), *Chance, causality, emergence: Interdisciplinary perspectives*, vol. 16, pp. 175-192, RITR, Pretoria.
- Veldsman, D., 2014a, *Constructively engaging in post-dogmatic Dogmatics*, viewed 21 July 2016, from http://repository.up.ac.za/bitstream/handle/2263/42375/ dveldsman_paper_2014.pdf.
- Veldsman, D., 2014b, 'Habitat, emosie en 'n eko-teologiese verstaan van menswees: In gesprek met Johan Buitendag', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2668, 1–9. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts
- Veldsman, D., 2014c, 'With reasons of the heart before God. On religious experience from an evolutionary-theological perspective', *NGTT DEEL* 55(1), 1–18.
- Veldsman, D., 2015, 'Geen water, geen volheid: Die dringende boodskap van die eksistensieel-teologiese betekenis van water', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(3). Art. #1455, 7 pages. http://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i3.1455
- Venter, R. & Tolmie, F. (eds.), 2013, *Transforming theological knowledge: Essays on theology and the university after apartheid*, Sun Press, Bloemfontein.
- Wallace, G. & Walker, A.D.M., 1970, *The definition of morality*, Methuen & Co., London.
- Wethmar, C. & Vos, C. (reds.), 1998, 'n Woord op sy tyd : 'n teologiese feesbundel aangebied aan Professor Johan Heyns ter herdenking van sy sestigste verjaarsdag, NG Kerkboekhandel, Pretoria.
- Wethmar, C. & Veldsman, D., 2012, 'For and about Etienne de Villiers as ethicist of responsibility', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 33(2), Art. #805. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v33i2.805
- Wethmar, C. & Veldsman, D.P., 2013, 'Dogmatiek en Christelike Etiek aan die Universiteit van Pretoria (1938-1999-2013)', in D. Human & J. Van der Merwe (reds.), *Die Ned Geref Kerk en Teologiese Opleiding*, pp. 91-118, Universiteit van Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Whiteley, C.H., 1970, 'On defining "moral", in G. Wallace & A.D.M. Walker (eds.), *The definition of morality*, pp. 21-25, Methuen & Co., London.

- Avis, P., 2003, *Church drawing near: Spirituality and mission in a Post-Christian culture*, T&T Clark International, London.
- Bakhuizen van den Brink, J.N., 1980, *Handboek der kerkgeschiedenis, Dele I-IV*, De Tille B.V, Leeuwarden.

Barth, K., [1919] 1963, Der Römerbrief, EVZ-Verlag, Zürich.

Barth, K., 1932, *Kirchliche Dogmatik I/1*, Evangelische Verlag A.G., Zollikon-Zürich.

Berkhof, H., 1958, Christus de zin der geshiedenis, G.F. Callenbach N.V., Nijkerk.

- Black, D.A., 2014, 'Indoctrination to indifference?: Perceptions of South African secondary school history education, with special reference to Mpumalanga, 1960–2012', PhD thesis, Department of History, University of South Africa.
- Bosch, D.J., [1991] 2006, *Transforming mission: Paradigm shifts in theology of mission,* 22nd edn., Orbis Books, New York.

Bromiley, G.W., 1978, *Historical theology: An introduction*, Wm. B. Eerdmans Publishing Co., Grand Rapids, MI.

Brunner, E., 1953, Das Ewige als Zukunft und Gegenwart, Zwingli-Verlag, Zürich.

Bultmann, R., 1955, *The presence of eternity: History and eschatology*, Harper & Brothers, New York. (The Gifford Lectures 1955).

Bultmann, R., 1964, Geschichte und Eschatalogie, J C Mohr, Tübingen.

Cairns, E.E., 1996, *Christianity through the centuries: A history of the Christian church*, Zondervan, Grand Rapids MI.

Cullmann, O., [1946] 1962, Christus und die Zeit: Die Urchristliche Zeit- und Geschichtsauffassung, 3rd edn., EVZ-Verlag, Zürich.

Cullmann, O., 1965, *Heil als Geschichte: Heilsgeschichtliche Existenz im Neuen Testament*, J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), Tübingen.

Denis, P., 1997, 'From church history to religious history: Strengths and weaknesses of South African religious Historiography', *Journal of Theology for Southern Africa* 99, 84–93.

Dreyer, P.S., 1974, *Inleiding tot die filosofie van die geskiedenis,* HAUM Uitgewers, Kaapstad.

Duncan, G., 2005, 'Historiography and ideology in the (mission) history of Christianity in Africa', *Studia Historiae Ecclesiasticae* XXXI(1), 51-69.

Ebeling, G., 1947, *Kirchengeschichte als Geschichte der Auslegung der Heiligen Schrift*, J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), Tübingen.

Ebeling, G., 1954, *Die Geschichtlichkeit der Kirche und ihrer Verkündigung als theologisches Problem*, J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), Tübingen.

Haight, R., 2005, *Christian community in history,* vol. 2: *Comparative ecclesiology*, Continuum, London.

Heidegger, M., [1927] 1963, Sein und Zeit, 7th edn., Niemeyer, Tübingen.

Kalu, O.U., 2005, African Christianity: An African story, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.

- Kärkkäinen, V.-M., 2003, An introduction to ecclesiology: Ecumenical, historical and global perspectives, InterVarsity Press, Downers Grove, IL.
- Koffeman, L.J., 2009, *Het goed recht van de kerk: Een theologische inleiding op het kerkrecht*, Uitgeverij Kok, Kampen.
- Labuschagne, J.P., 2008, 'Die hermeneutiek van kerkgeskiedenis en "teologiegeskiedenis": 'n "Nuwe pardigma" vir kerkgeskiedenis', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 64(2), 861-883. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v64i2.48

- Latourette, K.S., 1964, *A history of Christianity*, Eyre and Spottingswoode Limited, London.
- Macquarrie, J., 1955, An extentialist theology: A comparison of Heidegger and Bultmann, SCM Press, London.
- Maluleke, T.S., 1995, 'A morula tree between two fields: The commentary of selected Tsonga writings on mission Christianity', DTh thesis, Department of Missiology, UNISA.
- Mannion, G., 2009, 'A brief genealogy of public theology, or doing theology when it seems nobody is listening', *Annali di Studi Religiosi* 10, 121–154.
- McGrath, A.E., 2001, *Christian theology: An introduction,* 3rd edn., Blackwell Publishing, Oxford.
- McGrath, A.E., 2013, *Historical theology,* 2nd edn., Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.
- Pannenberg, W., 1973, *Wissenschaftstheorie und Theologie,* Suhrkamp, Frankfurt am Main.
- Palmer, R.E., 1969, Hermeneutics: Interpretation theory in Schleiermacher, Dilthey, Heidegger and Gadamer, Northwestern University Press, Evanston IL.
- Pieterse, H.J.C., 1979, Skrifverstaan en prediking, N.G. Kerkboekhandel, Pretoria.
- Pillay, G.J. & Hofmeyer, J.W., 1991, *Perspectives on church history: An introduction for South African readers*, De Jager, Pretoria.
- Punt, J., 2006, 'Using the Bible in post-apartheid South Africa: Its influence and impact amidst the gay debate', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 62(3), 885-907.
- Reventlow, H., 2009, *History of biblical interpretation*, vols. I–IV, transl. L.G. Perdue, S. Ackerman & T. Thatcher (eds), Society of Biblical Literature (SBL), Atlanta, GA.
- Stoop, J.A.A.A., 1978, 'Kerkgeskiedenis', in I.H. Eybers (red.), Inleiding in die Teologie, pp. 110 -134, NG Kerkboekhandel, Pretoria.
- Van Jaarsveld, F.A., 1953, Van apologetiek tot objektiwiteit in ons kerkgeskiedskrywing, Nasionale Handelsdrukkery Beperk, Elsiesrivier.
- Van Niftrik, G.C., 1948, *Een beroerder Israels: Enkele hoofdgedachten in de theologie van Karl Barth,* G.F. Callenbach N.V. Uitgever, Nijkerk.
- Van Oordt, J., 2012, 'The end is now: Augustine on history and eschatology', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 68(1), Art. # 1188, 1–7, https:///doi. org/10.4102/hts.v68i1.1188
- Van Wyk, B.J, 1992, 'Vyf en sewentig jaar Kerkreg', *Hervormde Teologiese Studies* 48(1&2), 293–312.
- Vosloo, R., 2009, 'Quo vadis church history?: Some theses on the future of church history as an academic theological discipline', *Scriptura 100*, 54-64.
- West, D., 1996, An introduction to continental philosophy, Polity Press, Cambridge.

- Adogame, A., 2013, *The African Christian diaspora: New currents and emerging trends in world Christianity*, Bloomsbury, London.
- Ammerman, N.T., Carro, J.W., Dudley, C.S. & McKinney, W. (eds.), 1998, *Studying congregations: A new handbook*, Abingdon Press, Nashville, TN.

Anderson, A., 2003, 'African initiated churches of the spirit and pneumatology', Word & World 23(2), 178-186.

Atiemo, A., 2015, "Chapel Priests" and "Real Priests": The world of spirits and pastoral care in Ghanaian traditional churches', Unpublished article, University of Ghana, used with permission from the author.

- Badiou, A., 2009, *Logics of worlds: Being and event, 2*, transl. A. Toscano, Continuum, London.
- Barnard, M., Cilliers, J.H. & Wepener, C.J., 2014, *Worship in the network culture: Liturgical ritual studies. Fields and methods, concepts and metaphors*, Peeters, Leuven. (Liturgia Condenda 28).
- Büchner, E.P. & Müller, J.C., 2009, 'The story of the Department of Practical Theology', Verbum et Ecclesia 30(3), Art. #153, 1-5. https://doi.org/10.4102/ ve.v30i3.153
- De Klerk, B.J., 2012, *Liturgical involvement in society: Perspectives from sub-Saharan Africa*, PTP, Noordbrug.
- Dingemans, G.D.J., 1996, *Manieren van doen: Inleiding tot die studie van de praktische theologie*, Uitgeverij Kok, Kampen.
- Dreyer, J.S., 2012, 'South Africa', in B. Miller-McLemore (ed.), *The Wiley-Blackwell companion to Practical Theology*, pp. 505–514, Wiley-Blackwell, Malden, MA.
- Dreyer, Y., 1999, "n Besinning oor meta- en basisteoretiese aannames in die Praktiese Teologie', *Praktiese Teologie in Suid-Afrika* 14(1), 46-62.
- Flynn, D. & Wepener, C., 2015, 'Aanbidding en sport: 'n Ruimtelik-liturgiese ondersoek', Stellenbosch Theological Journal 1(2), 411-425.
- Gassmann, G., 2008, 'Tradition', in E. Fahlbusch (main ed.), *The encyclopedia of Christianity: Si-Z*, pp. 517–519, Eerdmans, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Gerkin, C.V., 1997, An introduction to pastoral care, Abingdon, Nashville, TN.
- Jennings, T.W. Jr., 1996, 'On ritual knowledge', in R.L. Grimes (ed.), *Readings in ritual studies*, pp. 324-334, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ.
- Lartey, E.Y., 2003, *In living color: An intercultural approach to pastoral care and counseling*, 2nd edn., Jessica Kingsley Publishers, London.
- Lartey, E.Y., 2013, *Postcolonializing God: An African practical theology*, SCM Press, London.
- Latour, B., 1993, *We have never been modern*, transl. C. Porter, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, MA.
- Mbiti, J.S., [1969] 2008, *African religions and philosophy*, 2nd edn., Heinemann, Gaborone.

Meylahn, J.A., 2012, Church emerging from the cracks, SUN Press, Stellenbosch.

- Mikoski, G.S. & Osmer, R.R., 2012, *With piety and learning: The history of practical theology at Princeton Theological Seminary 1812–2012*, LIT Verlag, Berlin. (International Practical Theology 11).
- Miller-McLemore, B., 2012, 'Introduction: The contributions of practical theology', in B. Miller-McLemore (ed.), *The Wiley-Blackwell companion to practical theology*, pp. 1–20, Wiley-Blackwell, Oxford.
- Mugambi, J.N.K., 2009, 'Christianity in Africa, 1910-2010', in T.M. Johnson & K.R. Ross (eds.), *Atlas of global Christianity*, p. 110, Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh.
- Ngong, D.T., 2014, 'Protesting the cross: African Pentecostal soteriology and pastoral care', *Journal for Theology in South Africa* 150, 5-19.
- Nwachuku, D.N., 2012, 'West Africa', in B. Miller-McLemore (ed.), *The Wiley-Blackwell companion to practical theology*, pp. 515–524, Wiley-Blackwell, Malden, MA.
- Oberholzer, J.P., 2010, 'Honderd jaar kerk en teologiese opleiding: 'n Kroniek van die Hervormde Kerk', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 66, suppl. 9.
- Odendal, F.F., 1991, Handwoordeboek van die Afrikaanse taal, Perskor, Johannesburg.
- Olupona, J.K., 2000, *African spirituality: Forms, meanings and expressions*, The Crossroads Publishing Company, New York, NY.
- Osmer, R.R., 2008, *Practical theology: An introduction*, Eerdmans, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Pieterse, H.J.C., 2001, Preaching in a context of poverty, Unisa Press, Pretoria.
- Poling, J.N., 2011, *Rethinking faith: A constructive practical theology*, Fortress, Minneapolis, MN.
- Root, A., 2014, *Christopraxis: A practical theology of the cross*, Fortress, Minneapolis, MN.
- Schleiermacher, F.E.D., 1958, *On religion: Speeches to the cultured despisers*, Harper Torchbooks, New York, NY.
- Schreiter, R.J., 1998, 'Theology in the congregation: Discovering and doing', in N.T. Ammerman, J.W. Carrol, C.S. Dudley & W. McKinney (eds.), *Studying congregations. A new handbook*, pp. 23-39, Abingdon, Nashville, TN.
- Smith, L.T., 2012, *Decolonizing methodologies: Research and indigenous peoples*, 2nd edn., Zed Books, London.
- Smit, D.J., 2007, Tradisie?, Unpublished paper, University of Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch.
- Smit, D.J., 2008, Transformatiewe hermeneutiek?, Unpublished paper, University of Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch.
- Uzukwu, E.E., 1997, Worship as body language: Introduction to Christian worship: An African orientation, Liturgical Press, Collegeville, PA.
- Van Ruler, A.A., 1973, 'Hoofdlijnen van een Pneumatologie', Uitgeverij G.F. Callenbach, Nijkerk. (Theologisch Werk, Deel IV).

- Wainwright, G., 1997, 'Tradition as a liturgical act', in G. Wainwright (ed.), *Worship with one accord: Where liturgy and ecumenism embrace*, pp. 45–64, Oxford University Press, New York, NY.
- Wepener, C.J., 2006, 'The object and aim of multi-disciplinary liturgical research', *Scriptura* 93, 384-400.
- Wepener, C.J., 2008, 'Liturgy on the edge of tradition', *Practical Theology in South Africa* 23(2), 313-335.
- Wepener, C.J., 2009, From fast to feast: A ritual-liturgical exploration of reconciliation in South African cultural contexts, Peeters, Leuven. (Liturgia Condenda 19).
- Wepener, C.J., 2013a, 'Praktiese teologie', in D. Human & J. van der Merwe (reds.), Die Ned Geref Kerk en teologiese opleiding aan UP: 1938–2013. 75 Jaar, pp. 225–247, Universiteit van Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Wepener, C.J., 2013b, 'Die Liturgiereform in Afrika südlich der Sahara: Einige Beobachtungen zu Gottesdienst, Sprache und Kultur', in G. Lathrop & M. Stuflesser (eds.), *Liturgiereformen in den Kirchen: 50 Jahre nach Sacrosanctum Concilium*, pp. 161-176, Verlag Friedrich Pustet, Regensburg. (Theologie der Liturgie 5).
- Wepener, C.J., 2015a, 'Burning incense for a focus group discussion: A spirituality of liminality for doing liturgical research in an African context from an emic perspective', *International Journal of Practical Theology* 19(2), 271–291. https:// doi.org/10.1515/ijpt-2014-0036
- Wepener, C.J., 2015b, 'The Department of Faith Practices at the University of Pretoria: A spacious house accommodating a postcolonial African pneumapraxis where an academic spirituality of liminality is fostered', Inaugural lecture, 5 November 2015, University of Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Wepener, C.J., 2015c, "Bliksem!"/Damn it!: Ritual-liturgical appreciation of a deadly sin', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(3), 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i3.1422
- Wepener, C.J., 2015d, *Boiling point!: A faithful reaction of a disillusioned nation. Reflections on anger*, Biblecor, Wellington.
- Wepener, C.J. & Pieterse, H.J.C., 2016, 'Angry preaching', Paper presented at the 2016 Societas Homiletica Conference, Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, 6 March.

- All African Conference of Churches (AACC), 2013, God of life, lead Africa to peace, justice and dignity: 10th General Assembly & Golden Jubilee Celebrations Report, All African Conference of Churches, Nairobi.
- Berger, P.L., 1967, *The sacred canopy: Elements of a sociological theory of religion,* Anchor Books, New York, NY.
- Berger, P.L., 1999, 'The desecularization of the world', in P.L. Berger (ed.), *The desecularization of the world: Resurgent religion and world politics,* pp. 1-18, WB Eerdmans, Grand Rapids, MI.

Berkouwer, G.C., 1965, Vatikaans concilie en nieuwe theologie, Kampen, Kok.

- Beyers, J., 2010, 'What is religion?: An African understanding', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 66(1), Art #341. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v66i1.341
- Bosch, D.J., 1991, *Transforming mission: Paradigm shifts in theology of mission,* Orbis, Maryknoll, NY.
- Calvijn, J., 1931, *Institutie: of onderwijzing in de Christelijke godsdienst*, Boek 1, transl. A. Sizoo, W.D. Meinema, Delft.
- Casanova, J., 1994, *Public religions in the modern world*, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL.
- Cheetham, D., 2013, Ways of meeting and the theology of religions, Ashgate, Burlington.
- Daggers, J., 2013, Postcolonial theology of religions: Particularity and pluralism in world Christianity, Routledge, London.
- Dupuis, J., 1997, *Toward a Christian theology of religious pluralism*, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Faramelli, N., 2015, '*Missio Dei* and eco-justice and earth care: Asking hard questions', in K.J. Kaoma (ed.), *Creation care in Christian mission*, pp. 148-164, Regnum Books, Oxford. (Regnum Edinburgh Centenary Series 29).
- Francis, 2013, Evangelii Gadium, Vatican Press, Rome.
- Goheen, M.W., 2014, Introducing Christian mission today: Scripture, history and issues, InterVarsity Press, Downers Grove, IL. (Kindle Edition).
- Gregersen, N.H. (ed.), 2015, *Incarnation: On the scope and depth of Christology*, Fortress Press, Minneapolis, MN. [Kindle Edition]
- Hedges, P., 2010, *Controversies in interreligious dialogue and the theology of religions,* SCM Press, London.
- Kaoma, K.J., 2015, 'The earth in the mission of the incarnate God', in K.J. Kaoma (ed.), *Creation care in Christian mission*, pp. 280–296, Regnum Books, Oxford. (Regnum Edinburgh Centenary Series 29).
- Kärkkäinen, V., 2003, An introduction to the theology of religions: Biblical, historical and contemporary Perspectives, IVP Academic, Downers Grove, IL.
- Keum, J., 2012, 'Editorial', *International Review of Mission* 101(1), 1–5. https://doi. org/10.1111/j.1758-6631.2012.00085.x
- Keum, J. (ed.), 2013, Together towards life: Mission and evangelism in changing landscapes, with a practical guide, World Council of Churches Publications, Geneva.
- Kim, K., 2009, *Joining in with the Spirit: Connecting world church and local mission,* Epworth, London.
- Kim, K., 2015, 'Mission studies as evangelization and theology for world Christianity: Reflections on mission studies in Britain and Ireland, 2000-2015', in R.A. Danielson & L.W. Caldwell (eds.), What's in a name?: Assessing mission studies program titles. The 2015 proceedings of The Association of Professors of Missions, pp. 71-100, First Fruits Press, Wilmore.
- Knitter, P.F., 2005, Introducing theologies of religions, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.

- Kobia, S., 2005, *Religion in global society*, viewed 22 August 2016, from http:// www.oikumene.org/en/resources/documents/general-secretary/speeches/ religion-in-global-society
- Köhrsen, J., 2015, 'Pentecostal improvement strategies: A comparative reading on African and South American Pentecostalism', in A. Heuser (ed.), *Pastures of plenty: Tracing religio-scapes of prosperity Gospel in Africa and beyond*, pp. 49–64, Peter Lang, Frankfurt am Main.
- Luckmann, T., 1967, *The invisible religion: The problem of religion in modern society*, The MacMillan Company, New York.
- Meiring, P.G.J., 2013, 'Waarheid, geregtigheid, vergifnis en versoening', in S. Roes (ed.), *Vergiffenis en het recht: Essays voor Edith Brugmans,* n.p., Valkhof Pers, Nijmegen.
- Meiring, P., 2014, Chronicle of the truth commission: A journey through the past and present into the future of South Africa, Wipf & Stock, Eugene, OR.
- Meiring, P.G.J., 2015a, 'The influence of the Ecumenical Movement on the D R Church family (1948–1986)', in H. Lessing, T. Dedering, J. Kampmann, & D.J. Smit (eds.), *Contested relations: Protestantism between South Africa and Germany from 1930 to the apartheid era*, pp. , Chester Publications, Pietermaritzburg.
- Meiring, P.G.J., 2015b, 'Rebuilding and restoring: Challenges and opportunities for the churches in Canada and South Africa', in V. Smith, R. McCutcheon & J. Sawatsky (eds.), Voices of harmony and dissent: How peacebuilders are transforming their worlds, pp. 244–280, CMU Press, Winnipeg.
- Meiring, P.G.J. & Niemandt, C.J.P., 2013, 'Godsdiens- en sendingwetenskap', in D. Human & J. van der Merwe (eds.), *Die Ned. Geref. Kerk en teologiese opleiding aan UP: 1938–2013*, pp. 119–144, Universiteit van Pretoria, Pretoria.
- Moltmann, J., 2015, 'Christianity: A religion of joy', in M. Volf (ed.), *Joy and human flourishing: Essays on theology, culture, and the good life*, pp. 226–441, Fortress, Minneapolis, MN.
- Niemandt, C.J.P., 2013, 'A network society, social media, migration and mission', *Missionalia* 41(1), 22-39. https://doi.org/10/7832/41-1-19
- Niemandt, C.J.P., 2014a, 'Missionale kerk en missionale eredienste: 'n Refleksie op Leonard Sweet se *Giving blood: A fresh paradigm for preaching', Vir die Musiekleier* 34, 6-20.
- Niemandt, C.J.P., 2014b, 'Artisanal cheeses or artisanal Jesus: Loving your postal code enough to reflect it in the life and theology of the church', *Missionalia* 42(1/2), 38-54. https://doi.org/10.7832/42-1-2-45
- Niemandt, C.J.P., 2015, 'Ecodomy in mission: The ecological crisis in the light of recent ecumenical statements', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(3), Art. #1437, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i3.1437
- Niemandt, C.J.P. & Pillay, J., 2015, 'Trends in ecumenism and mission: Four significant ecumenical/missional events from 2010–2013', *Reformed World* 65(1), 31-50.
- Nyomi, S., 2013, 'The mission of the church in Africa', in Conference Proceedings of the All African Conference of Churches, *God of life, lead Africa to peace, justice*

References

and dignity: 10th General Assembly & Golden Jubilee Celebrations Report, pp. 74-80, All African Conference of Churches, Nairobi.

- Otto, R., 1932, Das Heilige: Űber das Irrationale in der Idee des göttlichen und sein Verhältnis zum Rationalen, C.H. Beck'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung, München.
- Pears, A., 2009, Doing contextual theology, Kindle edition, Routledge, New York, NY.
- Rose, K., 2013, Pluralism: The future of religion, Bloomsbury, New York.
- Skreslet, S.H., 2012, Comprehending mission: The questions, methods, themes, problems, and prospects of mission, Orbis Books, New York, NY.
- Sundermeier, T., 1999, *Was ist Religion?: Religionswissenschaft im theologischen Kontext*, Gütersloher Verlagshaus, Gütersloh.
- Tennent, T., 2010, *Invitation to world missions: A Trinitarian missiology for the twenty-first century,* Kindle ddition, Kregel, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Van Gelder, C. & Zscheile, D.J., 2011, *Missional church in perspective: Mapping trends* and shaping the conversation, Kindle edition, Baker Academic, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Verster, P., 2014, 'Missiology: Rise, demise and future at the university', *Nederduitse Gereformeerde Teologiese Tydskrif* 55(3&4), 879–893.
- Volf, M. (ed.), 2015, *Joy and human flourishing: Essays on theology, culture, and the good life*, Fortress, Minneapolis, MN.
- Volf, M. & Blair, T., 2015, *Flourishing: Why we need religion in a globalized world*, Yale University Press, New Haven, CT.
- Wickeri, P.L., Wickeri, J.K. & Niles, D.M.A. (eds.), 2000, *Plurality, power and mission: Intercontextual theological explorations on the role of religion in the new millennium*, The Council for World Mission, London.
- World Council of Churches (WCC), 2011, *Christian Witness in a Multi-Religious World*, WCC Publications, Geneva.
- World Council of Churches (WCC), 2013, *Together towards life. Mission and Evangelism in Changing Landscapes,* WCC Publications, Geneva.

- Benson, T.L., 1987, 'Religious studies as an academic discipline', in M. Eliade (ed.), Encyclopaedia of religion, vol. XIV, pp. 88–92, MacMillan Press, New York.
- Berger, P.L., 1967, *The sacred canopy: Elements of a sociological theory of religion*, Anchor Books, New York.
- Berger, P.L., 1999, 'The desecularization of the world', in P.L. Berger (ed.), *The desecularization of the world: Resurgent religion and world politics*, pp. 1-18, WB Eerdmans Publishing Company, Grand Rapids, MI.
- Beyers, J., 2010, 'What is religion?: An African understanding', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 66(1), Art. #341, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v66i1.34
- Beyers, J., 2015, 'Religion as political instrument: The case of Japan and South Africa', *Journal for the Study of Religion* 28(1), 142–164.

- Beyers, J., 2016a, 'The quest for the understanding of religious studies: Seeing dragons', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 37(1), a1607. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v37i1.1607
- Beyers, J., 2016b, 'What does religion have to say about ecology: A new appraisal of naturalism', *Journal for the Study of Religion and Ideologies* 15(45), 1-24.
- Beyers, J., 2017, 'Religion and culture: Revisiting a close relative', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 73(1), a3864. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v73i1.3864
- Boyer, P., 2001, Religion explained, Basic Books, New York.
- Braun, W., 2000, 'Religion', in W. Braun & T. McCutcheon (eds.), *Guide to the study* of religion, pp. 3–18, Cassell, London.
- Braun, W., 2016, 'Colloquium on method and theory: Introduction', *Method and Theory in the study of Religion*, vol 28, 1–2.
- Chitando, E., 2008, 'Sub-Saharan Africa', in G.D. Alles (ed.), *Religious studies: A global view*, pp. 103-125, Routledge, London.
- Chryssides, G.D. & Greaves, R. (eds.), 2007, *The study of religion: An introduction to key ideas and methods*, Continuum, London.
- Coertzen, P., 2014, 'Constitution, charter and religions in South Africa', *African Human Rights Law Journal* 14, 126–141.

Connolly, P. (ed.), 2001, Approaches to the study of religion, Continuum, London.

- Cox, J.L., 2010, *An introduction to the phenomenology of religion*, Continuum Publishing Group, New York.
- Creswell, J.W., 2015, A concise introduction to mixed methods research, Sage, Los Angeles, CA.
- Durkheim, E., [1912] 2001, *The elementary forms of religious life* (Kindle edition), transl. C. Cosman, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Erricker, C., 2001, 'Phenomenological approaches', in P. Connolly (ed.), *Approaches to the study of religion*, pp. 73–104, Continuum, London.
- Fisher, R., 2001, 'Philosophical approaches', in P. Connolly (ed.), *Approaches to the study of religion*, pp. 105–134, Continuum, London.
- Ford, D.F., 2005, 'Faith and universities in a religious and Secular World', *Svensk Teologisk Kvartalskrift. Arg* 81, 83–91.
- Gbote, E.Z.M. & Kgatla, S.T., 2014, 'Prosperity gospel: A missiological assessment', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2105, 1–10. https://doi. org/10.4102/hts.v70i1.2105
- Gellner, D.N., 2001, 'Anthropological approaches', in P. Connolly (ed.), *Approaches* to the study of religion, pp. 10–41, Continuum, London.
- Krüger, J.S., 1982, *Studying religion: A methodological introduction to science of religion*, University of South Africa, Pretoria.
- Krüger, J.S., 1995, *Along edges: Religion in South Africa*, University of South Africa, Pretoria.

Krüger, J.S., Lubbe, G.J.A. & Steyn, H.C., 2005, *The human search for meaning: A multireligious introduction to the religions of humankind*, Via Afrika, Cape Town.

Luckmann, T., 1971, The invisible religion, MacMillan, New York.

- National Policy on Religion and Education, 2003, The Oslo Coalition on Freedom of Religion or Belief, viewed n.d, from http://folk.uio.no/leirvik/OsloCoalition/OsloCoalition-SADoE.htm
- Northcott, M.S., 2001, 'Sociological approaches', in P. Connolly (ed.), *Approaches to the study of religion*, pp. 193–225, Continuum, London.

Olson, C., 2011, Religious studies: The key concepts, Routledge, London.

- Pannenberg, W., 1973, *Wissenschaftstheorie und Theologie*, Suhrkamp Verlag, Frankfurt am Main.
- Schilderman, H., 2014, 'Defining religion: A humanities perspective', in H. Schilderman (ed.), The concept of religion: Defining and measuring contemporary beliefs and practices, pp. 176-198, Brill, Leiden.
- Smart, N., 1986, *Concept and empathy: Essays in the study of religions*, MacMillan, London.
- Smart, N., 1991, The religious experience of mankind, 4th edn., MacMillan, New York.
- Smith, J.Z., 2000, 'Classification', in W. Braun & R.T. McCutcheon (eds.), *Guide to the study of religions*, pp. 35–44, Cassell, London.
- Smith, W.C., 1991, The meaning and end of religion, Fortress Press, Minneapolis, MN.
- Stausberg, M. & Engler, S. (eds.), 2011, *The Routledge handbook of research methods in the study of religion*, Routledge, New York.
- Stenmark, M., 2010, 'Ways of relating science and religion', in P. Harrison (ed.), Cambridge companion to science and religion, pp. 278-295, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- Sundermeier, T., 1999, *Was ist Religion: Religionswissenschaft im theologischen Kontext*, Gütersloher Verlagshaus, Gütersloh.
- Weber, M., 1930, *The Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism*, transl. T. Parsons, George Allen & Unwin, London.
- Whaling, F., 2001, 'Theological approaches', in P. Connolly (ed.), *Approaches to the study of religion*, pp. 226–274, Continuum, London.
- Wiebe, D., 2005, 'Religious studies', in J.R. Hinnells (ed.), *The Routledge companion to the study of religion*, pp. 98–124, Routledge, London.
- Williams, D., 2017, 'Cannabis can now be grown and smoked at home, court rules', *The Citizen*, 01 April, viewed 19 June 2017, from http://citizen.co.za/news/ news-national/1473818/users-can-now-grow-and-smoke-dagga-in-their-ownhomes-court-rules/
- Wiredu, K., 1998, 'Toward decolonizing African philosophy and religion', *African Studies Quarterly* 1(4), 17-46.

Chapter 9

 Algemene Sinode, 2013, 'Raamwerkdokument oor die missionale aard en roeping van die NG Kerk, Oorkoepelende verslag', finale kopie (2), Pretoria, viewed 11 September 2017, from https://www.google.co.za/search?q=MISSIONALE-AARD-EN-ROEPING-VAN-DIE-NG-KERK&rlz=1C1RLNS_enZA738ZA738&oq=MISSIONALE- AARD-EN-ROEPING-VAN-DIE-NG-KERK&aqs=chrome.69i57.5949j0j8&sourceid =chrome&ie=UTF-8.pdf

- Balia, D. & Kim, K. (eds.), 2010, *Witnessing to Christ today*, Regnum Books International, Oxford.
- Barth, K., 1960, *Community, state and church: Three essays by Karl Barth*, Anchor Books, New York
- Benedict XVI, 2009, 'Caritas in veritate', *Libreria Editrice Vaticana*, viewed 11 September 2017, from http://w2.vatican.va/content/benedict-xvi/en/ encyclicals/documents/hf_ben-xvi_enc_20090629_caritas-in-veritate.html
- Berkhof, H., 1973, Christelijk Geloof, G. F. Callenbach, Nijkerk.
- Bevans, S.B. & Schroeder, R.P., 2004, *Constants in context: A theology of mission for today*, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Bosch, D.J., 1991, *Transforming mission: Paradigm shifts in theology of mission*, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Botman, R, 2012, 'Foreword', in B. Leibowitz (ed.), *Higher education for the public good: Views from the South*, pp. xiii–xv, SUN Media, Stellenbosch.
- Chomsky, N., 1989, 'Education is a system of indoctrination of the young: A speech', posted on 6 February 2015, viewed 17 September 2016, from https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=70RqYQfkZ60
- De Beer, S., 2012, 'Faith in the city: A trans-disciplinary research programme', unpublished research proposal, University of Pretoria.
- De Beer, S., 2014a, 'Whose knowledges shape our city?: Advancing a communitybased urban praxis', *De Jure* 47(2), 218–230.
- De Beer, S., 2014b, 'Reimagining the third sector and its engagement with higher education institutions and local neighbourhoods: From scarcity to sustainability', in M. Erasmus & R. Albertyn (eds.), *Knowledge as enablement: Engagement between higher education and the third sector in South Africa*, pp. 119–141, African SUN Media, Stellenbosch.
- De Gruchy, S., 2003, 'Theological education and social development: Politics, preferences and praxis in curriculum design', *Missionalia* 31(3), 451–466.
- De la Porte, A., 2016, 'Spirituality and healthcare: Towards holistic people-centred healthcare in South Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 72(4), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.3127
- Duncan, J., 2016, 'We asked academics to weigh in on the # FeesMustFalldebate', posted 23 September 2016, viewed 30 September 2016, from http://www. thedailyvox.co.za/asked-academics-weigh-feesmustfall-debate/
- Erskine, N.J., 1981, *Decolonizing theology: A Caribbean perspective*, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Faculty of Humanities, University of Pretoria, 2013, *Capital cities: Space, justice and belonging. Institutional Research Theme (IRT) proposal*, 15 March 2013, approved by the University Executive in April 2013.
- Faculty of Theology, University of Pretoria, 2013, *Strategic plan: Faculty of Theology*, approved by the University Executive in August 2013.

- Franciscus, 2015, 'Laudato Si': On care for our common home', *Libreria EditriceVaticana*, viewed 16 May 2017, from http://w2.vatican.va/content/francesco/en/encyclicals/documents/papa-francesco_20150524_enciclica-laudato-si.pdf
- Gutierrez, G., 1988, A theology of liberation, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Klein, J.T., 2001, *Transdisciplinarity: Joint problem solving among science, technology and society,* Birkhäuser Verlag, Basel.
- Kritzinger, J.J., Meiring, P.G.J. & Saayman, W.A., 1994, *On being witnesses*, Orion, Halfway House.
- Leibowitz, B. (ed.), 2012, *Higher education for the public good: Views from the South*, SUN Media, Stellenbosch.
- Ndlovu-Gatsheni, S.J., 2016, 'Why are South African Universities sites of struggle today?', viewed 16 May 2017, from http://www.joburgpost.co.za/2016/10/21/ why-are-south-african-universities-sites-of-struggle-today/
- Oldfield, S., 2013, 'Sophie Oldfield', posted 2010, viewed 17 May 2016, from http:// hutchinscenter.fas.harvard.edu/sophie-oldfield, 20160422.08.29
- Palmer, P.J., 1998, *The courage to teach: Exploring the inner landscape of a teacher's life*, Jossey-Bass, San Francisco, CA.
- Russell, L.M., 1987, *Household of freedom: Authority in feminist theology*, The Westminster Press, Philadelphia, PA.
- Saayman, W., 2007, *Being missionary Being human: An overview of Dutch Reformed mission*, Cluster Publications, Pietermaritzburg.
- Schreiter, R.J., 1985, Constructing local theologies, Orbis Books, Maryknoll, NY.
- Tejeda, C., Espinoza, M. & Gutierrez, M., 2003, 'Toward a decolonizing pedagogy: Social justice reconsidered', in P.P. Trifonas (ed.), *Pedagogies of difference: Rethinking education for social change*, pp. 10–40, Routledge, New York.
- Terreblanche, S., 2014, Western empires: Christianity and the inequalities between the West and the rest, 1500–2010, Penguin Books, Johannesburg.
- Van der Walt, J.P., Swart, I. & De Beer, S., 2014, 'Informal community-based early childhood development as a focus for urban public theology in South Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(3), 1–16. https//doi. org/10.4102/hts.v70i3.2769
- Van Niekerk, A., 2015, 'A centre for community life in its fullness', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(3), Art. #1448, 1-7. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v36i3.1448
- Waaijman, K., 2002, *Spirituality: Forms, foundations, methods*, Peeters, Leuven-Paris-Dudley, MA.
- Wepener, C., 2015a, 'Burning incense for a focus group discussion: Acquiring a spirituality of liminality for doing liturgical research in an African context from an emic perspective', *International Journal of Practical Theology* 19(2). https:// doi.org/10.1515/ijpt-2014-0036
- Wepener, C., 2015b, The Department of Faith Practices at the University of Pretoria: A spacious house accommodating a postcolonial African pneumapraxis where

an academic spirituality of liminality is fostered, Unpublished Inaugural Lecture as Head of the Department of Practical Theology, University of Pretoria.

- Wethmar, C.J., 2000, 'Theological education in an ecumenical context: Principles and procedures of the Pretoria model', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 21(2), 416-428. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v21i2.1268
- World Council of Churches, 2012, *Together towards life: Mission and evangelism in changing landscapes,* World Council of Churches, Geneva.

- Beatty, S., 2017, *CiteScore metrics New on Scopus: CiteScore 2016, export an affiliation's listed authors and more*, compiled 31 May 2017, viewed 14 August 2017, from https://blog.scopus.com/topics/citescore-metrics
- Buitendag, J., 2014, 'Between the Scylla and the Charybdis: Theological education in the 21st century in Africa', *HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2855, 1-5. https://doi.org/10.4102/ hts.v70i1.2855
- Buitendag, J., 2016, "The idea of the University" and the "Pretoria Model" Apologia pro statu Facultatis Theologicae Universitatis Pretoriensis ad secundum saeculum', HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 72(4), a4366. https:// doi.org/10.4102/hts.v72i4.4366
- Buitendag, J., 2017, 'Rethinking research impact by Theology and Religious Studies with references to the Faculty of Theology at the University of Pretoria', in D.J. Human (ed.), UP Theology 100 years (1917-2017): Past, present and future, s.p., AOSIS Scholarly Books, Durbanville. (Verburn et Ecclesia Supplement 2) (Fortcoming).
- Farisani, E.B., 2011, 'Kanegelo ya Nimirode: Re lebelela diphihlelelo tša gagwe ka lefsa', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 32(1), 1-9.https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v32i1.479
- Gevers, W., 2013, 'ASSAf report on grouped peer review of scholarly journals in Religion, Theology and Related Fields (RTRF)', Committee on Scholarly Publishing in South Africa, ASSAf, Pretoria.
- HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 2017, viewed 15 February 2017, from https://www.hts.org.za
- Human, D.J. & Van Aarde, A.G., 2008, 'HTS Theological Studies and Verbum et Ecclesia – The journals of the Faculty of Theology at the University of Pretoria: Historical overview and strategic planning', HTS Theological Studies 64(1), 9-24. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts.v64i1.29
- Human, D.J. & Veldsman, D.P. (eds.), 2012, *Oor jou afdrukke: Met waardering vir Cas Vos se teologies-poëtiese bydrae,* Festschrift vir CJA Vos, Pretoria.
- Janssen, A.J., 2016, Confessing the faith today: A fresh look at the Belgic Confession, Wipf & Stock, Eugene, OR.
- Mahlangu, E., 2011, 'Karabo ya kereke mabapi le ditšhiwana le bana bao ba lego kotsing ka lebaka la HIV AIDS: Maikutlo a sedumedi sa ka pebeleng', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 32(1), 1–6, https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v32i1.467

- Mampuru, D. & Mojalefa, J., 2015, 'Mongwalelo wa sefela sa Serote: 'A re thabeng re rete' (Difela tša kereke, 2010)', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(1), 1-7. https://doi. org/10.4102/ve.v36i1.1491
- Mojalefa, M.J., 2011, 'Ngwaga wa Mopedi: Seka sa ngwaga wa merafe ye mengwe ya Bibele', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 32(1), 1–8. https://doi.org/10.4102/ve.v32i1.478
- Oberholzer, J.P., 1981, '50 Jaar kerk, teologie en universiteit', *HTS Theological Studies* 37(3), 43-48.
- Oberholzer, J.P., 1992, 'Adrianus van Selms, deeltydse dosent 1938-1962', *HTS Theological Studies* 48(1&2), 67-82.
- Oberholzer, J.P., 2010a, 'Interne spanning en stryd 1941-1953', in J.P. Oberholzer (ed.), Honderd jaar kerk en teologiese opleiding: 'n Kroniek van die Hervormde Kerk, HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 66(3 Suppl 9), Art. #925, 1-20. https://doi.org/104102/hts.v66i3.925
- Oberholzer, J.P., 2010b, 'Rasionalisasie en optimalisering 1988-1997', in J.P. Oberholzer (ed.), Honderd jaar kerk en teologiese opleiding: 'n Kroniek van die Hervormde Kerk, HTS Teologiese Studies/Theological Studies 66(3 Suppl 9), Art. #934, 1-35. https://doi.org/104102/hts.v66i3.934
- SCImago Journal and Country Rank (SJR), 2016, *Ranking*, viewed 10 November 2016, from http://scimagojr.com/countryrank.php?area=1200&category=1212& regi on= all&year=2014&order=h&min=60&min_type=it.
- Van Aarde, A.G., De Villiers, P.G.R. & Buitendag, J., 2014, 'The forgotten struggle of Albert Geyser against racism and apartheid', *HTS Teologiese Studies/ Theological Studies* 70(1), Art. #2820, 1-10. https://doi.org/10.4102/hts. v70i1.2820
- Vellem, V.S., 2015, 'Tumelo le Moruo', *Verbum et Ecclesia* 36(1). https://doi. org/10.4102/ve.v36i1.1373