Lucy Wagstaff
(1930 - 2009)

Lucy Wagstaff was a most remarkable doctor, teacher and researcher at Baragwanath Hospital and the University of the Witwatersrand, during the apartheid years and subsequently.

When I joined the Department of Paediatrics and Child Health at Wits in 1971, I immediately became aware of Lucy as a very caring and competent paediatrician. She had a special interest in the follow-up of patients after discharge from hospital, at the outpatients department or at community clinics, and in the process got to know, teach and encourage the nursing sisters involved. She often spent weekends assisting at mission hospitals, such as Jane Furse in the then homeland of Lebowa.

The first black social worker in paediatrics at Baragwanath Hospital, Mrs Esline Shuenyane, together with Mrs Avis Schreier of Johannesburg Hospital Paediatrics, worked with Lucy to expose medical students to home-care of paediatric patients. Medical students were designated patients to follow up at home and to report back at tutorials for discussion. The programme worked very well and was one of the first to introduce students to community health care.

Crisis came with the 1976 Soweto riots, with the closing of community clinics and the flight of their doctors. Baragwanath Hospital was thus overburdened with outpatients.

Lucy Wagstaff put forward the idea that competent senior nurses from the hospital, after a short course of instruction on diagnosis and treatment, might be able to run the clinics without doctors. The administration gladly supported this idea and training courses, co-ordinated by Lucy, were set up at home and to report back at tutorials for discussion. The programme worked very well and was one of the first to introduce students to community health care.

A survey, sometime later, revealed that the sisters were as competent as doctors had been in coping with 80% of the patients; the rest were referred to the hospital.

In 1976 the Loewenstein Trust established a Chair of Community Paediatrics at Wits, to which Professor Wagstaff was appointed. She held this Chair with distinction until her retirement from academic paediatrics in 1997. Among her local achievements, apart from teaching under- and postgraduate students, was the creation of day-care centres for children of working parents, in the homes of non-working mothers. She was the organiser and took part in doctor schedules for weekend visits to Swaziland and elsewhere in Anglo’s Harry’s Angels project, for over a decade.

Many publications included diverse fields, such as infant growth and nutrition, school health and medical education. Lucy Wagstaff was the co-editor with Professor M A Kibel of a textbook Child Health for All, a manual for southern Africa, for the first two editions in 1991 and 1995. She was convener and examiner of the Diploma of Child Health (DCH) of the College of Medicine, South Africa. She was also a Fellow and Examiner of the Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health, UK.

As a person, Lucy Wagstaff was humble but compelling, always of a caring nature for patients and staff. She warmly entertained colleagues and overseas visitors at her home. Her retirement years were marred by a head-on collision with another vehicle in Soweto, resulting in severe injury from which she only partly recovered.

Lucy Wagstaff can be regarded as an example of what a caring and dedicated doctor can achieve in a developing country such as ours, during changing and often very difficult times.

J D L Hansen
Professor Emeritus
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Hendrik (Henk)

Henk was a man of many facets, but apart from his dedication to his extensive family, his over-riding ethos was his unsparing dedication towards helping those in need, both as a medical man and as a Rotarian. In the fullest sense, he was a humanitarian, who to the end of his life devoted many hours each day to his goal of helping the lot of underprivileged patients.

His medical career began with his graduation in Leiden, Holland in 1952. In 1957 he moved to South Africa, where he initially set up practice in Durban. In 1964 he commenced private practice in East London. For many years he was active
Thomas Willis 1621 - 1675: His Life and Work


This work was first published in 1991 by the Royal Society of Medicine in its series Eponymists in Medicine and this new impression appearing 18 years later is a fitting tribute to this outstanding biography of a remarkable, but forgotten, man. Dr Trevor Hughes considers each period of Willis’ eventful life to present the reader with a comprehensive picture of an astute clinician who lived in a time of great change and discovery to which he contributed significantly. He also belonged to a circle of very gifted men whose legacy to medicine and science has endured for more than three centuries.

Thomas Willis was born in Oxford in 1621, at the commencement of the struggle between King and Parliament. He experienced the Civil War as it manifested in Oxford, lived through the Commonwealth and Protectorate from 1649 to 1660 and saw the restoration of Charles the Second. The latter event was a turning point in Willis’s fortune as a Royalist.

In these troubled times in Oxford, Willis attended medical school but was not a student of Harvey, who in 1628 had still highly useful, medical equipment would be collected, packed in containers and shipped to East London. In May 1998, the Rotary Medical Equipment Exchange, or ROMEX, was founded. To date, some 90 containers have arrived, with equipment valued at an estimated R160 million.

Through ‘wish lists’ received from hospitals and clinics throughout the Rotary District (and even from Cape Town, Pretoria and Durban), Henk meticulously compiled consignments of equipment for distribution. I spent many a Saturday morning in the warehouse helping with the sorting and packing. It is hard to believe how many boxes, beds and wheelchairs (not to mention the rest) will be disgorged by a single 40-foot container!

Throughout the years I knew Henk via Branch Council, Rotary and as a friend, I never heard him utter a boastful remark: he did indeed hide his lamp beneath a bushel. Long may his inspiration survive among those whose lives he touched.

Our sincerest condolences are offered to Sue, Henk’s seven children and twelve grandchildren, and all the rest of the family.

Beorn Uys

J C de Villiers
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